Iran among few countries cited by WHO for clinical trials

A senior Iranian lawmaker says his country will buy long-range surface-to-air S-300 or S-400 air defense missile systems from Russia in a bid to update its own defense infrastructure in case Washington does not help Baghdad in getting modern armaments.

‘Iran will purchase S-400 if U.S. does not provide modern armaments’

The Russian side has, thus far, not received an official request from Iran about the S-300 system, and both sides have met several times in the past to discuss the possibility of Iran acquiring the S-300 system.

The Astonishing Iran

By Mansur Mohsen Mirza-Ali

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Iran will never accept violation of Resolution 2231: Rouhani

The Pentagon claims Iran’s recent military satellite launch is a ‘security concern’

The United States’ top military officer claimed on Tuesday that Iran’s recent military satellite launch, the first for the country, is a concerning development.

“Different missiles do different things, one can carry a satellite and can be used for surveillance purposes,” General Mark Milley, chairman of the Joint Chiefs of Staff, told reporters. “But the bottom line is, it is a security concern any time Iran is testing any type of long-range missile technology.”

Milley said the United States had followed the launch remotely, but had no information on the purpose of the satellite and how effective it would be.

Pentagon officials have previously said that Iran is moving toward acquiring the ability to deliver a nuclear weapon via a medium-range missile. Iran denies seeking to build such a weapon.

Milley added that the Pentagon was not aware of any imminent threat from Iran and that the United States was not considering any action to intercept the satellite.

“Right now we have no plans for any intercept,” Milley said.

The launch came just days after President Donald Trump renewed sanctions on Iran, saying it would be “very, very soon.”

The United States is not the only country to express concern about Iran’s satellite launch. Iran’s neighbors, including Saudi Arabia, have also expressed concern.

The Iranian satellite, named “Khorramshahr,” was launched from the Imam Khomeini Space Center in Iran’s Bushehr province.

Iran sends medical items to Germany, Lebanon and Afghanistan

The United States has resumed sending medical items to Iran, following a pause that was part of the broader sanctions campaign against the Islamic Republic.

The decision to resume sending medical items follows a series of high-level meetings between the United States and Iran, which have been ongoing since the fall of last year.

The United States and Iran are still at loggerheads on a range of issues, including Iran’s nuclear program, its support for terrorist groups in the region, and its role in the ongoing conflict in Yemen.

The United States has lifted some sanctions on Iran, after the Islamic Republic agreed to extend its cooperation with the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and to embrace the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).

The JCPOA, which was signed by Iran and six world powers, including the United States, in 2015, is aimed at ensuring that Iran does not develop nuclear weapons.

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Iran谭谭：美国法律的制裁，对伊朗来说，是一座火山。但是，伊朗已经习惯了这种压力，也已经学会了如何应对。伊朗的经济和安全状况都很稳定，而且伊朗还拥有核武器，这使得美国欲罢不能。伊朗的领导人已经习惯了这种压力，也已经学会了如何应对。伊朗的经济和安全状况都很稳定，而且伊朗还拥有核武器，这使得美国欲罢不能。
As reported, the country’s average annual coal production reached 155 million tons in the current year.

As basic industries for the production of auto parts, the parts manufacturing sector in its current form can cover 95% of the domestic need and 65% of exports, which means domestic needs and exports are covered 1.25 times. The minister further highlighted that auto parts are one of the high potential sectors in the country’s economy.

In January, Beyglou announced that Iran has achieved 80% self-sufficiency in key industries and that the country’s average annual coal production reached 155 million tons in the current year.

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The domestic parts manufacturers are able to play a key role in creating a boom in the country’s manufacturing and employment sectors, in addition to playing their leading role in the country’s foreign trade.

According to Deputy Industry, Mining and Trade Ministry Raha Rahmani, the country’s average annual coal production reached 155 million tons in the current year.

Deputy Industry, Mining and Trade Minister Raha Rahmani issued a directive on strengthening domestic manufacturing of imported auto parts.

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Iran’s electricity consumption up 5%.

The coronavirus outbreak has raised a new risk for Japan: a crisis in its crucial liquefied natural gas supplies that would render large portions of the country's industries dark for days. As stockpiles run low, Japan only has a two-week stockpile. Yet the country depends on fossil fuels to generate most of its electricity, and all of the LNG it uses is imported from the West and south. To protect the resource, JERA, Japan’s largest fossil-fuel power producer, said last week it would keep a $700 million storage vessel with a smooth flow of LNG. When a carrier ship arrives at port, for example, operators would then open the vessel to the atmosphere, using the storage vessel to stabilize the LNG supply during peak consumption periods.

In this regard, the Energy Ministry has been following new strategies in recent years to manage the consumption and lessen the electricity losses in the national grid.

At a meeting room in a JERA power station in Tokyo’s Yokohama district, managers and technicians with electricity, multiple single-person tents stand in a row. If consumption continues to rise, they say, employees will sleep at the power station.

JERA has one measure to maintain a stable supply even if the infection spreads, “a company official, who asked not to be named, said. “We can have an insurance stock of LNG. When a carrier ship arrives at port, for example, operators would then open the vessel to the atmosphere, using the storage vessel to stabilize the LNG supply during peak consumption periods.

According to the official, the ministry is considering plans for LNG storage facilities and has not ruled out the possibility of new support measures for the energy sector.

Power station operators are concerned about the potential for a shortage of electricity in parts of the country where the demand is high. The government has been discussing the possibility of imposing a blackout on certain areas to prevent a wider crisis. The government has also been considering the possibility of using emergency generators to ensure that crucial facilities, such as hospitals and water treatment plants, continue to operate during the crisis.

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Current shortages in the country’s electricity grid are due to a variety of factors, including the coronavirus outbreak, which has disrupted supply chains and reduced demand. The government has warned that it may be forced to impose rolling blackouts in parts of the country if demand continues to rise. In response, JERA has been working to increase the capacity of its power plants and to ensure that critical facilities continue to operate during the crisis.

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**Are the OPCW's reports on Syria reliable?**

By Mohammad Jafari

A group of the Organization for the Prohi-

bition of Chemical Weapons (OPCW) in-

vestigators have recently termed a new report by the OPCW that blamed the Syrian government for an alleged 2017 chemical weapons attack as unreliable, noting that none of the members of Syrian opposition groups. The experts said, “For example, the supposed

involvement of the Syrian government can only be proved by evidence that can be directly linked to the Syrian regime.”

**Background Story**

In 2018, the OPCW's Fact-Finding Mission (FFM) released a report concluding that Syrian government forces were responsible for a chemical attack on the village of Khan Sheikhoun in the Idlib province. The report was based on witness accounts, soil samples, and metal fragments that were allegedly provided by those who have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

The OPCW's credibility is at risk. The experts have called for a more transparent and robust investigation into the alleged chemical attack on Khan Sheikhoun.

The United States has been regarded as a crucial player in the OPCW's decision to investigate the alleged attack. The US has repeatedly expressed its concern about the OPCW's ability to conduct an impartial investigation due to its close ties with Syria.

The report has also been criticized by the Syrian government, which has denied any involvement in the attack. The Syrian government has accused the OPCW of bias and has called for a more independent investigation.

The OPCW is a crucial international organization responsible for overseeing the global chemical weapons disarmament process. Its credibility is essential to ensure that the international community can trust its findings and recommendations.

**Conclusion**

The OPCW's investigation into the alleged chemical attack on Khan Sheikhoun in Syria is crucial to maintaining the organization's credibility and ensuring that the international community can trust its findings. It is essential that the OPCW continues to conduct impartial and transparent investigations into chemical weapons attacks worldwide.

*Interview by Fadi Boudieh and Mehdi Azizi*
Qeshm, Kish islands to reopen hotels, tourist sites

TEHRAN – Iran’s southern islands of Qeshm and Kish will reopen hotels and tourist attractions as coronavirus lockdown measures are relaxed in the country, Persian media reported on Wednesday.

However, eco-lodge units and wading baths in Qeshm will remain closed until further notice.

Meanwhile in Kish Island, sea clubs, restaurants and malls have been allowed to reopen after the holy month of Ramadan as the island is one of the white areas of the country with no traces of coronavirus.

In January, the provincial tourism department announced a total of twenty two tourism projects, worth 4,345 billion rials (some $160 million at the official rate of 42,000 rials) had been inaugurated in Mazandaran during the first nine months of 98.

The projects included building hotels and hotel apartments, travel agencies, eco-lodge guest houses as well as recreational and tourist facilities, which generated some 4,500 jobs directly or indirectly.

The monument was damaged as it was used for military purposes in older times by residents being alert from the invasion of enemies, especially Turkmen and the Uzbeks.

The temple was also used during the Persian war (248 BC-224) as well as the Sassanid era (224-651).

The number of foreign tourists visiting the northern Iranian province of Mazandaran rose by 5 percent during the past year, while spending rose by almost a quarter, according to the provincial government.

“International tourists in the province, which is one of the province teams of experts under the supervision of local tourism offices. Also known as Falak-ol-Aflak Castle, the unmissable eight-towered monument dominates the city as one of the most visited travel destinations in the region for both domestic and foreign tourists.

In the past couple of years, the historic castle was faced with lots of problems that resolved in close cooperation of provincial officials, by the means of both essential and urgent repair projects, he explained.

The fortress dates from the Sassanid era (224-651). It seems particularly imposing and dramatic when floodlit at night, offering picturesque views of its encircling battling heart of barrenness!

The country closed cultural heritage museums and historical sites in a province so that the Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Tourism and Handicrafts to achieve this goal.

More tourists visit Mazandaran province and spend more

Kermanshah reopens historical sites as coronavirus lockdown eased

No major harm to Sassanid-era fortress by quake

Discover a paradise of migratory birds in the heart of barrenness!

Heritage & Tourism

May 7, 2020

Qeshm Island is a heaven for eco-tourists as it embraces various bird species, both native and various bird species, both native and

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WHO launches “Save Lives: clean your hands” campaign to slow COVID-19 spread

The 9th International Innovation and Technology Exhibition Fairground on June 7-10.

Tehran to host INOTEX 2020 in June

The 9th International Innovation and Technology Exhibition (INOTEX 2020) will be held at Tehran Permanent International Fairground on June 7-10.

It is expected that more than 18,000 people will attend the event, which is aimed at attracting investment for startups and introduce investment opportunities to them.

Over 500 companies, startups, and investors will set up booths at the exhibition representing their latest achievements, with more than 20 B2B zones and 20 side events to be held during the three-day event.

Established in 2012, INOTEX is a platform for innovation and technology transfer, which seeks to introduce latest technologies to large and medium-size industries in addition to connecting executives, startups, and their product manufacturers, and also introduces investors to the opportunity to invest in technological projects or start-ups.

Gas stoves making indoor air up to five times dirtier than outdoor air, report finds

Gas stoves are making people sick, contributing to the world’s top killers, according to a new study.

Two to five times dirtier than outdoor air, according to scientists from the University of Toronto and Harvard University.

Despite the risks, regulators have failed to address this problem that is now exacerbated by the COVID-19 pandemic.

Fossil-fuel burning stoves are likely exacerbating millions of deaths from air pollution levels that would be illegal in the US, which concludes the review of heads of science by the Rocky Mountain Institute and multiple environmental advocacy groups.

The new study found that children in homes with gas stoves have a 4.5% higher chance of having asthma.

Nitrogen dioxide also makes chronic obstructive pulmonary disease worse and may lead to heart problems, diabetes and cancer.

ICRC lauds Iran’s significant achievements in fight against coronavirus

The International Committee of the Red Cross (ICRC) delegation in Tehran, has said the actions taken by the Iranian Red Crescent Society (IRCS) to contain COVID-19 in the country have been significant.

The ICRC has also congratulated the IRCS for their valuable support in the fight against coronavirus.

In the fight against the virus, the IRCS has actively supported the government at all levels, providing financial and logistical support to hospitals and health centers.

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Several initiatives have been taken by the IRCS to combat the virus, including setting up hand washing stations and providing personal protective equipment to healthcare workers.

The ICRC has also commended the IRCS for their efforts to provide psychological support to people affected by the virus.

The ICRC has also praised the IRCS for their contributions to the global response to the virus, including the provision of medical supplies and the training of medical personnel.

In conclusion, the ICRC has praised the IRCS for their significant achievements in the fight against coronavirus and has called on other organizations to follow their example.

Bill Gates boosts war on malaria

Bill Gates, along with his wife Melinda, visited a malaria treatment and research centre: the Global Malaria Project in Maputo.

Mr Gates said that malaria is “one of the worst diseases in the world” and that his organisation wants to “build a world where no one gets malaria.”

The centre, which is funded by the Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation and is located in the capital of Mozambique, is one of several organisations working to develop new treatments and vaccines for the disease.

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Malaria and AIDS both kill thousands of African children each day.

WORDS IN THE NEWS

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Bill Gates, the co-founder of software company Bill Gates has given 168,100,000 dollars to help in the fight against malaria. Around 1,000,000 people are killed by the disease, mostly in Africa, and numbers are growing due to increasing resistance. This report from the BBC’s Southern Africa Bureau highlights how the gates foundation is boosting the war on malaria.

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Malaria and AIDS both kill thousands of African children each day.

How many people will end up in areas too hot to handle, a new report said.

1C

People are dying on the moon, Mr Schaller said.

In this same temperature range.

We can — and do — live in warmer and colder places than that, but the further we push that sweet spot, the harder it gets.

The scientists looked at places projected to get unforntunately and consistently warmer and hotter, and calculated that at least 1 billion people will be living in those conditions by 2070.

Currently around 20 million people live in places with an average annual temperature greater than 20°C, far beyond the comfort range.

That was a big step forward and it’s a short-term. It is why we’re worried, said Cornell University climate scientist Natalie Novakov, who did not take part in the report. She and other scientists said the new report makes sense and conveys the urgency of the man-made climate change differently than past research.

In an unusual step for climate change researchers, a team of international scientists studied humans in a similar way to bears, birds and bees to find the “climate niche” where people and civilizations best thrive.

They looked back 6,000 years to come up with a sweet spot for temperatures for humanity: Average summer temperature between 11°C and 15°C.

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China launches spacecraft via largest carrier rocket

China successfully launched its largest carrier rocket, which will be used to carry supplies to the new space station, state broadcaster CCTV said.

The Long March-5B carrier rocket took off at 8:00 local time (0000 GMT) at the Wenchang Space Launch Center in the southern island province of Hainan, state media reported.

The Long March-5B, with a length of about 55.7 meters (182 feet) and diameter of about 5.5 meters, also featured a new reusable cargo return module.

China said in March it was aiming to launch an experimen-
tal spacecraft in a project to create a future lunar space station as part of its long-term goal to colonize the moon and asteroids.

U.S. to agree to PACT with ‘like-minded’ nations on space mining

The U.S. has been working on a draft deal that would regulate mining on the Moon, especially the mining of water ice on the lunar surface in preparation for greater human activity, sources told Reuters on Tuesday.

The agreement could pave the way for private companies to mine the Moon for resources that they extract, some of which hope to mine the Moon for water, which can be con-
verted into rocket fuel.

The proposed pact also provides for the establishment of “zones of cooperation” in which governments not part of an agreement between the countries involved, and only enforce the 1967 treaty.

The U.S. will begin negotiating the pact with the aim of “in the coming weeks,” according to a source familiar with the discussions. The talks will not include Moscow, the source said.

Last month, Trump brought that vision one step closer to fruition with the formation of the Mondays in Space group, which aims to create a global market for mining on the Moon.

Progress on negotiations to move the geopolitical landscape of space toward a regulatory framework for commercial space mining is expected to take place at an upcoming meeting of the BSA.

The new agreement could also lead to the formation of a new organization, which would be tasked with regulating space mining activities.

The U.S. is also discussing the possibility of forming an international organization to regulate space mining activities.

Bahraini regime deprives imprisoned Sheic cleric of urgent surgery

The Bahraini regime has deprived imprisoned Imam Sheikh Ali Salman of urgent surgery, despite international calls for his release.

The regime's decision follows an international court's decision to order his immediate release from prison.

The move comes amid growing international pressure on Bahrain to release Sheikh Ali Salman, who is serving a 25-year sentence for allegedly supporting the 2011 Arab Spring protests.

The U.S. has been pushing for Bahrain to release Sheikh Ali Salman, who is serving a 15-year sentence for allegedly supporting the 2011 Arab Spring protests.

Hamas applauds UK legislators’ opposition to Israel’s annexation plan

The Palestinian resistance movement Hamas has hailed British lawmakers’ opposition to Israel’s land-grab scheme on the West Bank as a “major step” toward the liberation of the Palestinian people.

In a letter to British Prime Minister Boris Johnson on Friday, Hamas leader Sheikh Ismail Radwan expressed his appreciation for the UK’s position on the Israeli occupation.

The letter said the UK’s stance was a “major step” toward resolving the Palestinian question and achieving a just peace in the region.

The Hamas leader thanked the UK government for its commitment to the principles of international law, which affirms the inalienable rights of the Palestinian people to self-determination and national liberation.

The letter also praised the UK’s stance on the resolution of the Palestinian question, which is based on the two-state solution and the establishment of an independent Palestinian state with East Jerusalem as its capital.

The Hamas leader called on the UK government to continue its policy of opposition to the Israeli annexation plans, which violate international law and the rights of the Palestinian people.

The letter concluded by expressing the hope that the UK’s opposition to the Israeli annexation plans would translate into concrete actions that would contribute to the establishment of a just and lasting peace in the region.
First Iranian footballer dies from coronavirus

Jahanshpour said that the total number of people diagnosed with the coronavirus has reached 95,909 of whom 6,340 have lost their lives.

The Iranian sports competitions have been canceled from March to prevent the spread of COVID-19 outbreak.

Turkey to resume football leagues in 2020 summer

The football leagues in Turkey will resume in 2020 summer, the country’s football body said on Wednesday.

The transfer value of players in 10 of Europe’s top leagues could plummet by up to 10 billion euros due to the economic crash caused by coronavirus, a study from accounting firm KPMG said on Wednesday.

Virus could wipe 10 billion euros off football player values, says report

Marc Wilmots irresponsible about Iran team: top official

Sirous Pourmousavi, coach of Iran national U20 football team, also spoke about how the pandemic coronavirus crisis has affected the preparation of his team.

There is no easy draw.

No easy draw in AFC U19 Championship: Sirous Pourmousavi

The 19-year-old player was loaned to Istanbulspor from the Iranian club in August.

Manavinejad sets sights on move abroad

The former Celtic forward signed a six-month contract with Polish side Fenerbahce.

Bundesliga can return in late May

The Bundesliga is allowed to start again in the second half of May, the German football association said on Monday.

FIFA to soon announce decision on 2020 Futsal World Cup

FIFA has established a FIFA-Confederations working group to address the consequences of the COVID-19 pandemic, FIFA said in a statement to AFP on May 4.

Iran beach soccer still fifth in world ranking

The Iranian national beach soccer team remained unchanged in the world ranking.

Iran seabed claims to landfall

Iraqi and Iranian teams competed in the AFC Champions League but refused to return to Tehran after they were allowed to stay one more day in Dubai.

Fenerbahce terminate Sayadmanesh’s contract

The 16-year-old player was loaned to Istanbulspor and represents the Iranian national youth team in seven games.

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**Naqqali perfect medium to present Shahnameh stories: performer Mirza-Ali**


“I can say we are facing a team of narrators and researchers these days,” he noted. “This is precious and the festival aims to promote it,” he added. “However, this warm welcome must be organized because they need good masters. We have many good masters who want to share their knowledge with their children to enter the world of literature through naqqali, but they are very familiar with experts and they need masters and experts to be trained,” he asserted.

He also noted that in the past time naqqali was a male occupation but today that has changed and more females are showing interest.

“Some girls will be mothers in the future and how good it is that mothers know how to beautifully narrate stories. And some, the females are brilliant and doors will open for them. They can become masters and share their knowledge with their children in the art of naqqali,” he said.

The festival wants to preserve the art of naqqali, give it formalism and promote it,” he added.

**Book in Martyr Soleimani published in Indonesia**

Front cover of the book “General Quiam Soleimani: The Love of the ISIS Passenger.”

The book’s title refers to Operation Rösselsprung (Long Jump) that Germany designed to kill or kidnap Stalin, which had no result during the conferences. The plot was forbid by intelligence work, a dramatic disclosure and a bit of good luck.

**Disney tests reopening strategy at Shanghai Disneyland**

Shanghai Disneyland will be required to purchase admission tickets valid on a selected date only, and annual pass holders will need to make a reservation before their visit.

Ride vehicles, lines and restaurants will be set up to follow the government’s guidelines, he added. All employees will be required to wear masks, which can remove when sitting in the air conditioning systems.

Guests’ temperatures will be screened and the park will use its own Shanghai Passport, a digital contact tracing and early detection system used in China. Sanitization and disinfection will occur more frequently, the company said.

Disney Chief Medical Officer Dr. Pam Hymel said the company is exploring ways to use technology such as its Play Disney Parks App to help with these efforts, according to a Disney blog post on Tuesday. Researchers previously reported that guests could be notified via app or another technology when they can go on a ride or in a restaurant to eliminate lines.

Chapek said Shanghai Disneyland Resort, which includes Shanghai Disneyland theme park and other properties that have previously been reopened, tends to attract 80,000 guests a day.

The Chinese government is limiting that capacity to 24,000 daily guests but Disney is planning to open the park “far below” that capacity to try new procedures, Chapek said. After a few weeks park attendance will be up to the government’s guidelines, he added.