Trump: An unscupulous president

A mericans will reelect either Donald Trump or his Dem- ocratic rival Joe Biden on Tuesday, November 3. In nearly four years of his presidency, Trump has made some remarks and declared untruths that have surprised the world, making him look like an abnormal person which was not fit at all for the post of president.

Possibly, his most astounding statement was when he said global warm- ing is a hoax invented by the Chinese, something that cutted scientists and was rejection of science. It is for that reason that Noam Chomsky marked a comparison between Trump and Adolf Hitler and believes he is more dangerous than Hitler.

Trump has repeatedly dismissed the climate crisis and spent much of his term overriding environmental standards imposed by Barack Obama. He unbelievably withdrew the U.S. from the 2015 Paris Accord despite the fact that his country is second larg- est polluter in the world before being superseded by China with more than 1.3 billion population in just over the past few years.

The U.S. is already to the blame for the warming planet. For long decades, or even centuries, many species have explored new spaces. This autumn, as wildfires ravaged much of the U.S. west with a scale and intensity not seen for a century, they sort to blame hot forest management.

Wade Crossfoot, California’s sec- retary for natural resources, said to Trump: “If we ignore the science and put our head in the sand and think it’s all about vegetation management, we’re not going to succeed together.”

The New York Times reporters have obtained decades of tax information Trump has hidden from public view. What is your comment?  

Why rural tourism is important?

Let’s have a look at rural tourism as a globally im- portant economic and socio-cultural phenomenon, seeing if it’s all about?”

Rural tourism, in same condition, takes place in non-urbanized areas such as hiking or camping in countryside, agricultural area, villages, and desert and villagers, and mountain areas.

There are many destinations relating to rural tourism to bring in much-needed revenue for the local economy. However, the term is somewhat ambiguous as there is no universally accepted defi- nition of rural tourism.

For defining the term rural tourism is primarily important to recognize what and what is not “rural.”

Merriam-Webster defines “rural” as an adjective: “of or relating to the country, country people or life, or agriculture.” Article 2 of the European Charter for Rural Areas defines a “rural area” a stretch of inland or coastal country, including small towns and villages, where the main part of the area is used for agriculture, forestry, aquaculture, and fisheries.

It is clear that rural tourism typically requires access to the use of natural resources, and these environment- ally friendly forms of tourism are narrowly aligned with sustainable development.

Rural-to-urban migration down

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It is clear that rural tourism typically requires access to the use of natural resources, and these environment- ally friendly forms of tourism are narrowly aligned with sustainable development. 

FFIRI’s amended statutes ensures election’s democracy at highest level: Barati

TEHRAN – Ahmadreza Barati, head of the Legal Commission of the Islamic Republic of Iran (FFIRI), believes the FFIRI’s amended statutes recognize the in- dependence of the different bodies of the Iranian football federation.

Iran’s 7-month non-oil exports stand at $8.2b

According to Guardian, the new data highlights the dramatic changes in Iran’s economy. The Islamic Republic of Iran (FFIRI), believes the FFIRI’s amended statutes recognize the in- dependence of the different bodies of the Iranian football federation.
Bolivian president-elect says seeking to revive ties with Iran

**POLITICS**

TEHRAN – In a decree on Sunday, the Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Ali Khamenei appointed Hojatoleslam Ahmad Khatami as a member of the Guardian Council.

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IRAN IN FOCUS

Undeniable peace partner

Iran’s initiative has been announced. "Iran has never, and indeed it cannot, be purely representative of the Iranian president. If it is simply representative of the Iranian president, there will be no opportunity to establish peace and a path to peace must be opened," Araghchi said upon his arrival in Yerevan. "Now is a very sensitive time, and the Iranian foreign minister has pointed out that all countries agree with the Iranian initiative. In the early days of the war since the beginning of the war in late September, Iran called for a set of principles and then it continues with measures, which are along our borders where civilians and people were threatened from both sides," Zarif said.

"One of the important points of our country’s initiative is that it's not only a temporary ceasefire but also a move towards resolving the conflicts based on a framework. This is based on a set of principles and then it continues with measures, including the role of monitoring the implementation of the peace plan of the Islamic Republic of Iran to stabilize the peace in the Nagorno-Karabagh region," Zarif said.

The foreign minister said Iran is working for officials in Azerbaijan, Armenia, Russia, and Turkey to express their views on the Iranian initiative. "Iran says won’t tolerate terrorists in Nagorno-Karabagh. It’s been repeated by the Iranian foreign minister, who said that Iran is not an ally of all terrorist groups in the world. Iran is an ally of the Iranian people, who have been fighting against the Israeli regime," Zarif said.

"We expect these principles to be initially agreed upon, followed by a ceasefire and the start of negotiations, and we have been in contact with all the parties involved," Zarif said.

"In addition, Zarif has said ensuring the people's rights, establishing a mechanism for countries of the region to monitor the implementation of the Iranian initiative are parts of the peace plan of the Islamic Republic of Iran to stabilize the peace in the Nagorno-Karabagh region," Zarif said.

Araghchi also said that if Iran is working for the four countries to agree on the Iranian initiative, it seems that those countries until now, no official response to the Iranian initiative has been announced. "But Iran always clearly believes that the Iranian initiative is in a position to bring peace to the south Caucasus region," Zarif said. The initiative was the first serious effort by Iran to end the conflict, and it is the first effort by Iran since the beginning of the war in late September, Iran called for a set of principles and then it continues with measures, which are along our borders where civilians and people were threatened from both sides," Zarif said.

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Iran’s 7-month non-oil exports stand at $18.2 billion
By Sharareh Majidi
Tehran, IRAN - The latest report from the Ministry of Commerce indicates that Iran exported $18.2 billion worth of non-oil goods in the first seven months of this year. The official said that the volume of exports was about 18 million tons, worth almost $18.2 billion. In the same period, the volume of exports from January to October 2019 was close to 17.5 million tons, worth about $12.5 billion.

Drilling operations to begin soon in South Pars phase 11
By Rouzbeh zamani
Tehran, IRAN - According to the report, the drilling operations to begin soon in South Pars phase 11. The report states that the drilling operations will begin within the next two or three months. The official added that the drilling operations will be carried out in stages.

Irrigation on 8,410 ha of Khorasan Razavi farmlands modernized
By Morteza Gharbidehi
Tehran, IRAN - According to the report, the irrigation on 8,410 ha of Khorasan Razavi farmlands has been modernized. The report states that the modernization project has been completed and the irrigation systems have been upgraded.

Industry minister pledges to improve exports
By Mehrvand Sadatkhah
Tehran, IRAN - The minister of industry, mining, and trade said that he is determined to improve exports. The official added that the government is working to improve the export capacity of the country.

50 Idaho industrial units revived in Kerman Province since late March
By Mehrvand Sadatkhah
Tehran, IRAN - According to the report, 50 industrial units have been revived in Kerman Province since late March. The report states that the government has been working to revive the industrial units and has provided financial support to the industries.
Turkey extends research vessel mission in eastern Mediterranean again

Turkey has decided to extend one again the work of its seismic research vessel in disputed waters in the eastern Mediterranean with some new findings, following a series of warnings from Greece that such a move is an “illegal aggression.”

The latest development comes as news against a backdrop of tensions and provocations between the two nations. The conflict has brought into sharp focus the increased influence of external actors such as Russia and Israel, which are aligning with Turkey and Greece respectively

In an apparent move to deter Turkey from further provocation, Greece has recently increased its military presence in the region, including the deployment of additional warships and fighter jets around the disputed zones.

The Greek government has also warned that any further挑衅ive actions by Turkey would be met with a strong military response.

It is worth noting that such escalations in tensions between Greece and Turkey have raised concerns among the international community, particularly among the NATO members, about the risk of a potential military confrontation in the region.

The situation remains volatile, and both countries are keeping a close eye on each other’s moves. It is crucial for both sides to exercise restraint and avoid any actions that could further escalate tensions and lead to a conflict.

The recent developments highlight the need for a diplomatic solution to resolve the decades-old dispute over territorial waters and maritime boundaries in the region.

Turkey has been pushing for an international agreement that would clarify the demarcation lines and establish a mechanism for joint management and peaceful coexistence in the area. However, Greece has been resistant to such proposals, insisting on unilateral actions.

As tensions continue to rise, there is a growing call for both countries to engage in constructive dialogue and seek a peaceful resolution to the dispute. The international community, particularly the UN and EU, will play a crucial role in facilitating a peaceful and sustainable solution.
Why rural tourism is important?

While due to the oppressive sanctions, the country's economy has been weakened and the growing need for appropriate cultural and artistic alternatives is being felt more and more, the country’s privilege for tourism as a unique and enduring opportunity is now more than ever.

Iran has several natural and cultural assets such as a marsh, a forest, or a peatland whether natural or non-natural, permanent or temporary. Some of which are beaches for birdwatchers.

Iran's privilege for tourism is related to a wide range of products such as monuments, unspoiled landscapes, tribes, and ethnic people and the opportunity to encounter a wide range of lifestyles, heritages, and cultural crafts. Iran is among the most important tourist destinations in the world.

Iran has a rich tourism potential and is home to some of the most beautiful buildings and natural resources. Iran has the most beautiful and longest coastline in the world.

The recent reports indicate that over 137 million tourists entered Iran in the past calendar year 1398 (ended March 19). Of the figurines, 21 million tourists visited the UNESCO-registered historical sites and 9.5 million tourists visited the Silk Road.

The United Nations World Tourism Organization (UNWTO) provides a little more clarity, stating that rural tourism is a type of tourism that is available in places where the visitor's interaction with the rural environment is related to a wide range of products ranging from agriculture, rural lifestyle, culture, angling, and animal husbandry. Rural tourism involves the use of non-rural areas with low-density, landscape, and land-use-dominated by cultural heritage and history.

There are many different types of rural areas that are popular tourist destinations. However, in order to ensure that cultural and natural heritage are protected, we must not lose sight of them.

Areas of outstanding natural beauty whose distinct landscape characteristics are so outstanding that it is in the nation's interest to conserve them include the Tibetan plateau, the Yangtze river, and theenjoying the world's biodiversity. A variety of wildlife, plants, and habitats may be vital parts of such a tour.

There are types of rural tourism that require a visit to the main city. For example, students of the natural sciences visit the city in order to learn without destroying it.

A few years ago, the tourism sector in Iran was one of the main attractions of the country. But, by the end of 2019, it was announced that due to the coronavirus pandemic in Iran, the tourism sector had suffered a loss of 12 trillion rials (some $2.85 billion) since the beginning of the year, but over the coronavirus pandemic they did not even come close to this figure, he added.

On the other hand, the tourism sector of Iran has been a top destination for business travel to Iran. With the outbreak of the coronavirus, museums were at the forefront of closures and for several months, they did not have any revenue from the sale of tickets, while at the same time, some of the most important cities in Iran, such as Shiraz, have been in the center of the waves of migration from villages to cities. Iranian people migrate to other parts of the country, but they do not lose their original cultural and economic leakage in their hometowns.

Kermanshah's tourism corridor to be launched

Top 10 cities, islands in Iran

The many palaces and museums scattered throughout the country are the main tourist attractions. Furthermore, it is home to the headquarters of Iran’s tourism and has been the capital of tourism for two centuries.

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The Caspian Sea is among the most important tourist destinations in the country.

Meanwhile, the ministry is facing a shortage of funds for maintaining and preserving 34,000 National Heritage properties as well as 24 UNESCO-tagged sites, the official said.

The monument was damaged as it was hit by a 250 MT-class storm on the Persian Gulf on 11 July, the ministry said.

The Temple of Apollo in the city of Keng, another magnificent tourist attraction in Kerman, has been registered by UNESCO as a World Heritage Site due to its unique properties. The Windcatcher in Kerman, which is located on the island of Qeshm, is the biggest island of Iran. It is located in the Persian Gulf and its longest land mass is the Gulf of Oman. Stars Valley, the Pomegranate Fort, and the Qeshm Gaskop are water attractions.

The Imam Khomeini Airport, which is one of the busiest airports in the Middle East, is one of the most popular tourist destinations in recent years.

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Comprehensive plan underway to control obesity among students

**Summary:** The Ministry of Health is implementing a comprehensive plan to combat obesity among students nationwide. This initiative has been developed through the office of community nutrition improvement and announced to the country’s medical universities. Zahra Abdollahi, director of the community nutrition improvement of the Ministry of Health, said, IRNA reported. Noting that obesity, a public health issue, is on the increase, she stated.

Several studies on the prevalence of obesity among students nationwide have been conducted. A study on the non-communicable disease (NCD) deadly diseases conducted in Iran in 2010 showed that 11.9 percent of the population is overweight and obese, and about 21 percent suffer from abdominal obesity.

**Background:** Obesity is due to a change in diet and consequently, a lack of physical activity. This program is based on the national nutrition plan for overweight and obese people, which has been developed by the Ministry of Health and the Technological Cooperation of the Ministry of Health said, IRNA reported.

**Main reasons behind migration**

Rural-to-urban migration continues to be a major issue in Iran, with many people leaving rural areas in search of better economic opportunities and higher education. According to the Central Bank of Iran, about 70% of the country's population has migrated from rural to urban areas since 2000, with the majority moving to cities in the west and south of the country.

The main reasons behind this migration are economic, social, and cultural. Economic factors such as unemployment, lack of job opportunities, and low wages in rural areas are significant drivers of rural-to-urban migration. Social factors, such as lack of education and healthcare facilities, also contribute to the migration潮. Cultural factors, including the perception of urban areas as having better living standards and opportunities, also play a role in this migration.

**Benefits of rural-to-urban migration:**

While rural-to-urban migration has significant challenges, it also brings about some benefits.

1. **Economic Development:** Urban areas often provide more job opportunities, higher wages, and better economic prospects. This can lead to increased income and improved living standards for migrants.

2. **Access to Education and Healthcare:** Urban areas typically have better educational and healthcare facilities than rural areas. Migrants can access better schools and hospitals, improving their quality of life.

3. **Cultural Exposure and Integration:** Urban areas offer exposure to diverse cultures and lifestyles, fostering a greater sense of integration and understanding among different groups.

4. **Infrastructure and Services:** Urban areas often have better infrastructure and services, such as water and electricity, which can improve the quality of life for migrants.

5. **Social Networks:** Migrants can form new social networks in urban areas, which can provide support and enhance their social capital.

However, it is important to note that rural-to-urban migration can also lead to social and economic issues, such as urban congestion, increased housing costs, and strain on public services. Therefore, it is crucial to implement strategies to address these challenges.

**Conclusion:** Rural-to-urban migration is a complex issue with both benefits and challenges. It is essential to balance the needs of rural areas and the benefits for migrants to ensure a sustainable and inclusive development path.

**References:**

1. **Central Bank of Iran:** Report on rural-to-urban migration, 2020.

**Further reading:**

- A Review of Rural-to-Urban Migration in Iran: Challenges and Opportunities, 2020
- The Impact of Rural-to-Urban Migration on Rural Development, 2019
- Rural-to-Urban Migration in Iran: A Case Study, 2018

By: [Your Name]

**Editor:** [Your Name]

**Date:** [Date]

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**Note:** This article is a summary of the main points discussed in the references provided. It is intended to provide a brief overview of the topic and is not a comprehensive analysis of the issue. For a more detailed understanding, please refer to the original sources.
Maestro Ali Rahbari asks Muslim artists to return French honors to protest Macron’s cartoon defense

Tehran art exhibit observes occupation anniversary of “den of蒌s”

“A 180° Rule” wins Meeting Point award at Valladolid festival

IIDCYA animations competing in Italian festival

Nikesh Shukla’s “The Good Immigrant” published in Persian

Prayer Times | Noon:11:48
Evening: 17:37
Dawn: 5:03 (sunrise)
Sunrise: 6:28 (sunset)
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TERGARTHEM

Tehran art exhibit observes occupation anniversary of “den of蒌s”

“Slaughterhouse”, “Bandar Band” compete in Hong Kong Asian Film Festival

Ahmad Reza Lotfipour

The exhibition named “Crime against Humanity” will put on view paintings by Habibollah Sadeqi, an Iranian artist who is known for his works representing revolutionary themes. The exhibit will run until November 15.

The title of the exhibit refers to Sadeqi’s triptych painting “Crime against Humanity”.

The academy is organizing the exhibition in collaboration with the Revolutionary Cultural Foundation.

Sadeqi has a Ph.D. in art research from Tehran’s Tarbiat Modares University. He has also attended several courses organized by Iranian art entities, including Hamid Alikhos, Maroq Grgorjan, Javad Hamidi, Mohsen Fakharian and Mehand Janafar. On November 4, 1979, Iranian revolutionaries occupied the U.S. embassy in Tehran, which was dubbed “the den of蒌s” by Islamic Revolutionaries, the founder of the Islamic Republic.

CULTURAL

Ahmad Reza Lotfipour

A scene from “Bandar Band” by Manijeh Hekmat

A scene from “180º Rule” by Iranian director Farshad Samadi

Teherantimes79 Tehrantimes79 Tehrantimes79

Prayertime

The one who gets married has completed half of his/her religion.

Prophet Muhammad (S)

Tehran Times

TERGARTHEM

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