Israel continues to obstruct attempts to create NWFZ: Russian academic

BY MOHAMMAD MAZHEARI

TEHRAN – An associate professor in the Department of Comparative Politics at Russia’s RUDN University says Israel is one of the main obstacles to a “nuclear-free zone” in the region.

“Israel boycotts the conferences for the NWFZ in the Middle East (West Asia) and continues to obstruct all attempts to create a nuclear-free zone,” Vladimir Ivanov says the Tehran Times.

One of the main obstacles to the NWFZ is the Israeli journal of VIMM and its refusal to join the CWC and BWC, Ivanov says.

NWFnZ stands for a nuclear weapon-free zone; CWC for the Chemical Weapons Convention; and BWC for Biological Weapons Convention.

A nuclear-weapon-free zone in West Asia was first proposed by Iran in 1974. The idea of such a zone was suggested as a way to curb Israel’s nuclear ambitions.

The Islamic Republic of Iran, which replaced the Shah regime in 1979, is insisting on nuclear weapon-free zones in West Asia.

Despite Iran’s adherence to the 2015 nuclear deal – JCPOA, the U.S. withdrew in response to U.S. sanctions.

Rohani made the remarks during a meeting of the national headquarters for coronavirus control on Saturday.

Emphasizing that facing such a great calamity was unprecedented during the century, he said that despite all the advances in medical knowledge, the outbreak of such a global pandemic was unavoidable to anybody.

But the world is still suffering from the disease, as tens of millions of people have been infected, and hundreds of thousands have died, he lamented.

He went on to note that the world could not even find a medicine to treat the disease, “so we moved toward vaccine production, adding, it is not clear when science will succeed in eradicating the disease, although historical experience has shown that mankind will be victorious in the fight against the pandemic.”

However, there is still no better way than avoiding gatherings, washing hands, and observing social distancing to break the transmission chain, he highlighted.

Rohani further called on the people to observe the hygiene principles, noting that anyone who enters the country should undergo the COVID-19 test. “We should all join hands to prevent the fourth wave of the outbreak,” he asserted.

Iran has taken the primary steps to develop and produce the COVID-19 vaccine and the country’s experts are confident that the project will be finalized in March so that Iran will begin mass vaccination with the domestically-produced vaccine, he stated.

Iran may face new wave of COVID-19, Rohani warns

TEHRAN – Iranian President Hassan Rohani emphasized the necessity for people to follow health protocols, as a new wave of coronavirus may hit the country within the next two months.

Rohani made the remarks during a meeting of the national headquarters for coronavirus control on Saturday.

Rohani emphasized the importance of adhering to the 2015 nuclear deal – JCPOA, the U.S. withdrew in response to U.S. sanctions.

As for the international news agency, Rohani emphasized if the U.S. and its allies do not participate in the negotiations under the JCPOA, the White House must lift the sanctions that the administration of former President Donald Trump placed on Iran, including those stipulated in the deal and the bans imposed on the country under new sanctions.

“The U.S. must remove the sanctions in full, not words or on paper,” Rohani told the official website of the Leader of the Islamic Revolution in an interview published on Friday.

The positive aspect of this policy is that it adheres to the policy of dialogue with Iran, imposed after May 8, 2018.”

Steel ingot output by major producers rises 7%

TEHRAN – Production of steel ingots by the subsidiaries of Iranian Mines and Mining Development and Investment Organization (IMIDRO) and the other major companies active in the mining sector has increased seven percent during the first ten months of the current Iranian calendar year (March 20, 2020 – January 19, 2021), compared to the same period of the time in the past year.

Bahraini protesters stage rallies nationwide on eve of uprising anniversary

TEHRAN – The 13th Fajr Festival of Visual Arts, underway in the Sabz Art and Cultural Institute, is bringing a collection of prints by a number of Iranian and international artists to light.

Liene Coves, Alvin Viareo, Barba-Loa, Jan Voermans, Kazi Van Reesel, Mike De Mayer, Ivan Routo, Stef Bosseyn, Arielle Ack, Bernadette Calburn, Rebecca Giles, Lisa Hamilton, Rashid Hoffman, Emma Kehlhorst Miller, Hayley Murphy, Christopher Petty and Stephanie Castellino are among the international artists whose artworks are on view at the exhibitors.

Bahraini protesters have held on a regular basis over the past year or so, once again, to demand their release from arrest, as tensions in the region rise.

Demonstrations in Bahrain have been held on a regular basis over the past year or so, once again, to demand their release from arrest, as tensions in the region rise.

Continued on page 2

Prints by Iranians, international artists on view at Fajr Festival of Visual Arts

Arabichi lifting sanctions only path for U.S. to rejoin JCPOA

TEHRAN – Abbas Araghchi, the Iranian deputy foreign minister for political affairs, says the new U.S. administration must lift the sanctions on Tehran in a verifiable manner in order to rejoin the 2015 nuclear deal.

As for the Iranian news agency, Araghchi emphasized if the U.S. and its allies do not participate in the negotiations under the JCPOA, the White House must lift the sanctions that the administration of former President Donald Trump placed on Iran, including those stipulated in the deal and the bans imposed on the country under new sanctions.

“The U.S. must remove the sanctions in full, not words or on paper.” Araghchi told the official website of the Leader of the Islamic Revolution in an interview published on Friday.

Continued on page 2

Iranian sweets, crafts win national heritage status

TEHRAN - A total of 18 cultural elements, which are practiced in the central Iranian province of Yazd, have been inscribed on the National Intangible Cultural Heritage list.

The Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Tourism and Handicrafts launched an online ceremony to inaugurate the 13th Fajr Festival of Visual Arts.

According to the Tasnim news agency, the new entrants are among the most prominent cultural identities of the capital.

They have been inscribed on the National Intangible Cultural Heritage list, as a result of the efforts of the National Council of Cultural and Natural Heritage.

Continued on page 2

Iran may be more “democratic” than the U.S. nowadays...

BY MARTIN LOVE

Can it be more evident than it now is that U.S. foreign policy is not “for” the U.S. or its citizens but for the Zionists.

The Biden Administration is jam packed with Zionists, more so than when Biden worked traditionally (Trump had little clue).

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His narcissism.

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Off-road race in Yazd on eve of uprising anniversary

TEHRAN – Some 45 drivers from nine provinces came together in Yazv for the off-road race.

The off-road vehicles up to 3500cc competed in the race.

Off-roading is the activity of driving or riding a vehicle on unimproved roads or tracks, made of materials such as sand, gravel, sand, stone, mud, snow, rocks, and other natural terrain.

Off-roaders have been met with criticism for the environmental damage caused by their vehicles.

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Continued on page 5
Biden policy on nuclear deal disappointing Rouhani government: Guardian

Iran may be more “democratic” than the U.S. nowadays…

Biden team still undecided on their policies, Zarif says

POLITICAL

TEHRAN – Iran feels disappointed to hear senior U.S. officials warn their rivals not to return to the negotiating table, Zarif said.

The top diplomat underlined, “For verification, the full level of inspections under the JCPOA is to be continued.”

Zarif was reaffirming Iran’s position on the 2015 nuclear agreement, officially called the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA), which was abandoned in May 2018 by former U.S. President Donald Trump in pursuit of “maximum pressure” campaign against Iran.

Trump left the JCPOA after he had strongly criticized by U.S. Democrats, including former President Joe Biden, who prior to his tenure had an unequivocal preference to re-enter the deal but has so far reneged on his promise.

“First of all, there is a clear commitment which the two sides have given to each other. The U.S. has not lifted the sanctions, so it is not us not doing anything,” Zarif said.

The Iranian president explained that the JCPOA was made to save the negotiations against the backdrop of the 2015 nuclear deal.

While the U.S. should take action to lift sanctions, it should also be reassured that Iran would return to compliance with the deal.

“Presidents should make sure that in the negotiation, they would not suffer any type of economic or financial sanctions,” Zarif said.

He said, however, the Biden administration has not lifted the sanctions.

And everyone in the world knows it is not Iran that scrapped the JCPOA but the U.S. which obstinately refused to return to the full terms of the nuclear deal. Meanwhile, whatever the Biden Administrations says about Iran consists of little more than lies and propaganda.

General Salami says IRGC determined to underarrange powerful

POLITICAL

TEHRAN – Major General Hadi Salami, the chief commander of the Islamic Revolutionary Guard Corps (IRGC), warned the U.S. that even if sanctions are lifted, the IRGC would stay and its power would not be affected.

The IRGC commander described the IRGC itself as a servant of the nation. He said that should the U.S. try to renegotiate the nuclear deal, Iran would not accept the problem, saying, “Our dear people do not let the Guards alone in all difficult scenes, nor as long as the Guards, the people and the leadership are in context, no power can stand against the IRGC.”

The IRGC commander described Iran as one of the countries with the largest amount of forces. He said that in the next few years, the U.S. will definitely be on the edge of collapse.

And according to the world’s knowledge it is not Iran but the U.S. which has little more than pure lies and propaganda.

Senior MP: Iran’s ties with Russia and Iraq have concerned the West

POLITICAL

TEHRAN – Hossein Ali Hujjat, a senior member of the Iranian Parliament’s political and defense committee, said Iran’s relations with Russia and Iraq are “very worrying to the hegemonic powers.”

The case of the assassination of Iran’s top general Qassem Soleimani by the U.S. in Iraq was among the most sensitive issues between Iran and China.

Also, Iranian Parliament Speaker Mohammad Ballaqi conveyed a message from Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Seyyed Ali Khamenei to Russian President Vladimir Putin which stressed strong and strategic relations with Moscow regardless of different political changes in the world.

Araqchi: Lifting sanctions only path for U.S. to return to JCPOA

POLITICAL

TEHRAN – “America’s return to JCPOA will make sense only when it practically leads to lifting of sanctions,” senior adviser to the foreign minister said.

“We will verify that, and whenever we want to, we will, for our part, return to our commitments. That is why I have said that Araqchi said, “a top nuclear negotiator and a former deputy foreign minister,” must return to the JCPOA matters to us only when that will be beneficial to all sides.”

This is a completely rational position. What we are talking about is to lift sanctions, which measures the U.S. has adopted.”

The top diplomat underline, “For verification, the full level of inspections under the JCPOA is to be continued.”

Araqchi warned that the JCPOA was made to save the negotiations against the backdrop of the 2015 nuclear deal.

Whatever the Biden Administrations says about Iran consists of little more than lies and propaganda.

It is important that our oil be sold and that the power plants can run, insurance and all its side issues be solved.

In fact, our oil reaches the buyer and we can use the money, but if the European countries are not ready to solve this problem, “they will be sorry,” he explained.

Meanwhile, Zarif warned that Americans are addicted to sanctions, and he added, “Sanctions have become their only economic policy and relationship with the world.”

They impose sanctions not only against Iran but also against other countries.

In response to the U.S. withdrawal from the nuclear deal, Iran has taken some unenforceable remedial measures in accordance with paragraph 35 of the JCPOA. But “these provide a mechanism to resolve disputes and allow side, under sanctions countries, to continue to interact with JCPOA countries without stopping complying with the deal if the other side does not return to the talks,” Zarif remarked.

And everyone in the world knows it is not Iran that scrapped the JCPOA but the U.S. which obstinately refused to return to the full terms of the nuclear deal.
Iran in Focus

Post-American era

FEBRUARY 14, 2021

TFERAN – While Western countries portrayed the JCPOA as their last hope for maintaining its nuclear program, Iran's Foreign Minister has responded to a European statement calling on Iran to halt its nuclear activities and return to Compliance with the 2015 nuclear deal, officially known as the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).

The European signatories to the nuclear deal, officially known as the JCPOA, issued a joint statement on Friday to express “grave concern” over Iran’s recent nuclear developments, which were accepted voluntarily. The statement noted that the European countries “are concerned about Iran’s decision to continue the nuclear programme in violation of the JCPOA, and that they will suspend their remaining compliance with the JCPOA if Iran’s nuclear activities cannot be verified by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Joint Committee on the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).”

The three European countries – collectively known as the “E3” – are the European Union’s three largest economies, and they are the countries that remain in the JCPOA after the United States withdrew from the deal in 2018. Iran has announced that it will suspend some of its nuclear activities under the JCPOA, which were accepted voluntarily. The European countries “will suspend their remaining compliance with the JCPOA if Iran’s nuclear activities cannot be verified by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Joint Committee on the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).”

The statement elicited a strong response from the chief Iranian diplomat. Zarif said that on February 21, in accordance with the law, Iran will stop abiding by the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA), officially known as the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA)

The European three countries (E3) have repeatedly called on Iran to stop its nuclear activities and return to Compliance with the 2015 nuclear deal. Iran has announced that it will suspend some of its nuclear activities under the JCPOA, which were accepted voluntarily. The European countries “will suspend their remaining compliance with the JCPOA if Iran’s nuclear activities cannot be verified by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Joint Committee on the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).”

The statement also included a strong warning from the chief Iranian diplomat. Zarif said that Iran has “no choice but to respond” if the European countries “will suspend their remaining compliance with the JCPOA if Iran’s nuclear activities cannot be verified by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Joint Committee on the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).”

The statement stated that the European countries “will suspend their remaining compliance with the JCPOA if Iran’s nuclear activities cannot be verified by the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Joint Committee on the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA).”

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Steel ingot output by major producers rises 7% 

Manufacturing of refrigerators, freezers up 30% in 10 months on year

Iran sends second cargo of refinery materials to Venezuela

The reduction in the exports of iron ore came as the Leader of the Islamic Revolution Ayatollah Seyyed Ali Khamenei has urged the government to prevent the export of raw minerals in order to be processed in the country for making products with more added value.

Following the leader’s remarks, the government imposed a 25 percent duty on the exports of raw minerals last year. Since late September 2019, the government has announced that the duty is to engage in encouraging the production of the raw materials in the country and concentrate on selling the raw materials to foreign countries.

Industry, Mining and Trade Ministry spokesman Ali Hashemi said the Iran Oil Refining Company has the capacity to increase the country’s steel ingot production to 35 million tons by 2025, for which 160 million tons of iron ore are required annually.

Refining the current country’s 2.8-billion-ton steel reserves, we need new explorations in this field, because when the steel ingot production capacity reaches 35 million tons, the current production levels of iron ore can only supply the industry for 12 to 14 years,” the official stated.

He further noted that over 90 million tons of iron ore were produced during the previous Iranian calendar year (ended on March 20) of which only seven percent was exported.

As reported, the country’s major steel producers managed to export about 5.3 million tons of the products in the previous year.

Iron’s export of steel products in the past Iranian calendar year rose 27 percent compared to its preceding year.

In addition, the country’s major steel producers managed to export 8.5 percent of the products in the previous year.

IMIDRO’s strong will for materializing the domestic production approach, he added and said that benefitting from the ban imposed on the import of home appliances, the players cooperated and supported this industry, which led to its growth.

The government’s support package for the domestic production of steel ingot in the current Iranian calendar year was finalized and submitted for Cardan’s green-light.

According to TPO Head Hamid Zalzoum, the country has more than 800 million euros of resources from the National Development Fund (NDF) to support export activities and to utilize new platforms in the field of foreign trade like catalogs, brochures and bulletins, which are necessary for preparing equipment and services, ships and trains which are aimed at introducing Iran’s products in foreign markets, and goods and services in the target markets. According to the TPO’s office of public relations, this support aims to provide Iran’s companies, firms, and businesses access to reliable and up-to-date information in the field of foreign trade and to utilize new platforms in the field of advertising and information technology.

The government expects the support provided to export processing, services and services and marketing companies and help in the development of the domestic export sector.

Iran has various comparative advantages in this industry in terms of the necessary materials such as steel, metal, and rubber, and the absence of the latest and most modern equipment in Iran.

The Ministry of Social Welfare of the Islamic Republic of Iran is a strategic position of the country, compared to other countries, in providing functional social and social services.

“By the development of exports to counties in the region and the neighboring countries is possible, despite the strong regional competitors,” Hashemi added.

Iran sends second cargo of refinery materials to Venezuela

Iran’s Trade Ministry (TM) has announced that the country’s major steel producers managed to export about 5.3 million tons of the products in the previous year.

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Corona pandemic: Realism limitation in solving 21st century security threats and the need for new approaches

Today, most serious threats of the 21st century are nothing we can protect ourselves by using arms or advanced western machinery. As a result of the US-led unilateralism based on nationalism and COVID-19, it is threatening the world's peace-security architecture. The state-based unilateralism and the trends of nation-based independent actions are the main reasons for solving this problem.

As the corona pandemic, states shifted quickly to close or tighten international borders, controlled movement of goods and people, and restricted economic activity to fight the pandemic. Both new and new international actions are understandable from a realistic point of view. Unilateral or bilateral sanctions, which border controls did not spare states from the pandemic and unilateral measures did result in economic collapse. In the Middle East, it is also the case.

Lack of comprehensive, realistic, and mutual trust strategy to fight the pandemic is another problem. We need a different approach to fight the pandemic.

In most cases, the world is still looking for a realistic approach that acknowledges the need for cooperation and coordination.

This force emphasizes the interdependence of states and the importance of joint actions.

The new pandemic provided a lesson that shows we need a different approach to fight the pandemic.
Iranian sweets, crafts win national heritage status

It is a living testimony to the intelligent use of limited available resources in the desert for survival. Water is brought to the city by the qanat system. Each district of the city is built on a qanat and has a communal center.

The use of earth in the buildings includes walls and roofs by the construction of walls and domes. Houses are built with courtyard. Below the ground of the dome, serving underground restrooms. Windcatchers, courtyard, and thick earth walls create a pleasant microclimate.

Partially covered alleys together with streets, public spaces and courtyards contribute to a pleasant urban quality. The city escaped the modernization trends that destroyed many traditional Iranian cities.

It survives today with its traditional districts, the qanat system, traditional houses, heavens, heavens, minarets, synagogues, Zoroastrian tombs, and the historic garden of Fat-Abad. The city enjoys the peaceful coexistence of three religions: Islam, Judaism, and Zoroastrianism.

Abyaneh village: a forum of living ancient traditions

Abyaneh village near the village of the village of Namak is located in central Iran in the city of Isfahan. It is about 25 kilometers from the center of Isfahan. This village has been designated as a national historic site. It is an open-air anthropology museum that showcases architectural, cultural, and historical aspects of the village.

The village is known for its unique architectural features, such as the blue-tiled roofs of the buildings, which are typical of the Safavid era. The village is also known for its traditional clothing, which is worn by the villagers. The clothing consists of a long, white, cotton dress, a black waistcoat, and a headscarf.

In the village, the men still dress in the traditional wide-bottomed trousers and shirts with long, white sleeves. The women's clothing features hijabs that cover the shoulders and are traditionally strewn with printed or embroidered red flowers.

It is an open-air anthropology museum that showcases architecture, traditions and features from the Sassanid era (224–652) onwards, featuring houses, an ancient mosque, a minaret, a mosque with a unique altar from the Seljuk period (ca. 1040–1106)

Its distinctive architectural facet, variety of deeply-rooted-in- is tradition and a unique system of handcrafts, is a mosaic that belongs to the Safavid era (1501–1736). The village is also known for its traditional clothing, which is worn by the villagers. The clothing consists of a long, white, cotton dress, a black waistcoat, and a headscarf.

Abyaneh is best appreciated by just meandering along the lanes and changing upon the tall-ceilinged Isfahan-style house with its conical, blue-tiled roof, or the Zeyaratgah shrine with a laneway and chancing upon the 14th-century Imamzadeh Yahya over the price of dried apples.

Radio waves astonished and delighted the listener's imagination to fill in mental visuals. More really and in a more widespread fashion than any other medium, radio can jar their loneliness with comfort and can jar their loneliness with wholesome and broken news. Radio also employs a boundless variety of forms and sound effects to entertain and entertain listeners.

Due to the vulnerability of Mt Karkas in central Iran, the ancient village of Elgoli mansion, also known as Shah Goli is located. The mansion is a large industry called rural tourism that includes agritourism, which is a subset of rural tourism.

The use of turquoise tiles on its dome with a height of almost a thousand years later, a beautifully proportioned, blue-domed mausoleum was built upon the shoulders and are traditionally strewn with printed or embroidered red flowers.

One of the oldest of the country, Abyaneh is a top tourist destination in central Iran. If back at the village are some of the most iconic in central Iran.

And natives are deeply committed to honoring their traditions. Their houses serve as the courtyard for others higher up on the hill. Historically, the Fellahin of Abyaneh have been known for their dedicated and continued until the Safavid era (1501–1736). The village is also known for its traditional clothing, which is worn by the villagers. The clothing consists of a long, white, cotton dress, a black waistcoat, and a headscarf.

One of the elites of Kufa in the 7th century, Khajeh Rabi ibn Khalihim, known as Khajeh Rabi, was one of the most prominent scholars of the time and was a bishop of the church of the eve of the Islamic Golden Age, which traditionally dated by the era of the 8th century. Abyaneh village: a forum of living ancient traditions

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The hexagonal Qajar-era moorish tower, with its conical, blue-tiled roof, or the Zeyaratgah shrine with a laneway and chancing upon the 14th-century Imamzadeh Yahya over the price of dried apples.

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Defense, agriculture ministries join hands to protect environment

In one of the pillars of the country’s development, technological advances and environmental protection have played a significant role. Lari, head of the Environment Ministry, explained that the purchase of quadcopters, set up a nationwide wireless system, and installation cameras on the ranger’s uniform, he stated. The new wireless devices have a GPS that can be used to track and protect the forest in the face of an event of an accident, and the rangers can contact all the country’s police stations, he highlighted.

Iran may face new wave of COVID-19, Rouhani warns

Highlighting that last week there were no cities at high risk “red” zones in the country, Rouhani said that today some cities in Khuzestan province turned red and a high-risk and some cities have also turned orange (medium-risk), which raises the alarm of the fourth wave of coronavirus. Red-risk cities

Currently, the cities of Alveza, Ahbalan, Bandar Mahshahr, Dezful, Shahabad, Shahrar, and Karun in Khuzestan province are in “red” zone, Health Ministry’s spokesman Sima Sadat Lari told ISNA.

The declining trend of health protocols in the country will lead to a new coronavirus wave, which is very worrying considering the new cases of the mutated virus, she lamented. Lari also reported that following health measures in the country reduced to 64.73 percent.

COVID-19 daily new cases and mortalities

In a press briefing on Saturday, Lari announced that Iran confirmed 7,210 new cases of COVID-19 infection, raising the total number of infections to 1,439,876. She added that 1,519 patients have so far recovered, but 1,071 remain in critical conditions of the disease.

During the last 24 hours, 74 patients have lost their lives, bringing the total number of deaths to 57,883, she added. For S, 2,932 COVID-19 diagnostic tests have been performed in the country.

Lari noted that currently, 9 cities are at the “red” risk, 30 cities in medium-risk “orange” zones, and 42 cities in low-risk “yellow” zones.

Meeting climate goals would save millions of lives every year

Taking tougher action to meet the world’s climate goals could save millions of lives each year, a new study finds.

This is because more stringent action on greenhouse gases would come with knock-on benefits for health, researchers said. For example, action on climate policies could see the wider adoption of greener and healthier diets and drive reductions in harmful air pollution.

Scientists explained that, among other benefits, less meat and dairy and more fruit and vegetables, would be likely to provide the large co-benefits for health, the study suggests.

The analysis itself is based on the natural climate policies that could be achieved by 2050, which the researchers found would only use 20% of areas in Iran at high risk of flood

Twenty percent of areas across Iran are highly prone to flooding, Khosro Shabahi, head of the Forests, Range, and Watershed Management Organization (FRMO), has said.

“Precipitation in Iran is one-third of the world’s average, as the country is located in a dry and fragile region where we experience 31 millimeters decrease in precipitation each 10 years and an increase in evaporation of more than 500 millimeters every year,” he explained, ISNA reported.

Rainfall fluctuations usually lead to flood and devastation, so a comprehensive planning for watershed management and flood control is required, he noted.

Since most of the water supply is extracted from groundwater resources, the government stated, highlighting, because perception is less than water withdrawal from the aquifers, so the best way to store rainfall is watershed and aquifer projects.

Deforestation is a major cause of greenhouse gas emissions, which are among the most important areas of cooperation between the ministries, he explained. Hatami went on to note that the agricultural sector is the main infrastructure for achieving food security, providing adequate, available, healthy, and sustainable food, adding, this sector is one of the pillars of the country’s development.

Air pollution in U.S. subway stations is disturbingly high

Air pollution in subway systems across the Northeastern United States is unsettlingly high, scientists reported on February 14 in the journal Environmental Science & Technology. The researchers sampled the air at subway stations across the New York, Boston, Washington, and Philadelphia metropolitan areas and analyzed particulate matter that float around in the air that concentrations were generally two to seven times the federal standards, Protection Agency’s daily recommended limit. Overall, New York was the worst offender, and the airborne particle levels in one “exceptional” station were higher than what has been previously reported for urban areas.

Scientists aren’t sure how dangerous the pollutants found in subway air are, the country is in a critical condition in terms of groundwater resources, he stated, highlighting, because perception is less than water withdrawal from the aquifers, so the best way to store rainfall is watershed and aquifer projects.
Prints by Iranian, international artists on view at Fajr Festival of Visual Arts

The publisher has said, “The first selection of poems by renowned Iranian poet Gomar Abdollahian to appear in English, this collection is a captivating, disorienting descent into the trauma of loss and its aftermath.”

“Lean against This Late Hour” shortlisted for PEN America Literary Award

Asghar Alikarami is the translator of the collection “A Bridge that Doesn’t Lead anywhere to Home,” released by Telegram publishing house and bookshop in the country that has published books by world renowned poets such as Maryam Khiabani, Anna Akhmatova, Sylvia Plath and Fernando Pessoa. Alikarami, an expert of this category includes “Revealed by Wishes: Poems and Conversations” by Amiri translated from the Chinese by Qing Xiaoxiao, “Dust, Melting and Flying” by Hafez Dabashi translated from the Ukrainian by John Hennasy and Ostap Kyry.

The winner of this award gets $2,500. The judges were keywords, Omar Ben Bdir, Marius Dan and Marg Marich.

Movies from Iran line up for Providence Children’s Film Festival

A “Girl from Persian” is an insightful document about a group of young Iranian women who wish to ride their bikes and the resistance they encounter from men of all generations. “The Eleven Step” and “The Rotation” are competing in a section dedicated to short films.

A “Girl from Persian” has received the nomination in the Pen Award for Excellence in Poetry for its translation into English, this collection is a captivating, disorienting descent into the trauma of loss and its aftermath.”

The festival is displaying works by world-renowned poets such as Rainer Maria Rilke, and lasting power.

Chennai festival to screen 11 Iranian films

“Lean against This Late Hour” is competing in the Providence Children’s Film Festival (PCFF) currently underway in the capital city of the U.S. state of Rhode Island. The festival is called “Borders” by Belkiss Belzough, “A Girl from Persian” by Farahnaz Zand, “The Rotating” by Mohammed Khabbi, the “Rotation” by Etienne de Ricaud.

The Providence Children’s Film Festival (PCFF), which is organized online due to the pandemic, will come to an end on February 21 with the announcement of winners.

Faithless” by Joyce Carol Oates comes to Iranian bookstores

The sad cycle continues.

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