Iran's petrochemical production capacity rises 13.5m tons

BY EBBRAHIM FALLAH

The capacity of Iranian petrochemical production increased by 13.5 million tons in the previous Iranian calendar year (ended on March 20) following the inauguration of 12 new petrochemical projects across the country.

With the inauguration of the mentioned projects which were defined under the framework of the petrochemical industrial projects for the second half, the country's total petrochemical production capacity has now reached 88.5 million tons.

According to the National Petrochemical Company (NPC), the second loop of the petrochemical industry is going to be realized in the current Iranian calendar year (started on March 21) to boost the annual petrochemical revenues up to $25 billion.

The third loop of the industry, which is aimed to increase the revenues from the mentioned sector to $37.5 billion, is also planned to take place in the Iranian calendar year 1400 (March 2021).

According to the Iranian President Hassan Rouhani, the country’s petrochemical production capacity has nearly doubled over the past eight years.

“The petrochemical production capacity is expected to reach 100 million tons in the current year and this shows that a lot of work has been done, the revenues from the petrochemical industry have helped us during the years of the US sanctions and pandemic. The third loop of the industry, which is aimed to increase the revenues from the mentioned sector to $37.5 billion, is also planned to take place in the Iranian calendar year 1400 (March 2021).” Rouhani said earlier.

The president noted that 17 petrochemical projects worth about $6 billion were planned to be inaugurated across the country to realize the second loops of the industry, of which 12 were put into operation in the previous year and the rest will go operation this year.

Table: National Petrochemical Complex in Khorasan Province, Minudasht Petrochemical Complex in West Azerbaijan Province, Kesh Petrol Chemical Complex in Qazvin Province, Lavan Petrochemical Complex in Lorestan Province, and Middle East Kermanshah Par Complex in Bushehr Province were among the projects inaugurated during the previous year.

The petrochemical industry plays a crucial role in Iran's non-oil economy, as the petrochemical export is the second-largest source of revenue for the country after crude oil. Petrochemical exports already constitute nearly 12 percent of the country's non-oil exports.

Continued on page 4

Iran offers condolences on death of top WCC official Ghada Hijjawi

TEHRAN – Iran's tourism minister Ali-Aqar Mosavvari offered condolences on Friday on the death of the World Crafts Council-Asia Pacific Region (WCC-APR) President Ghada Hijjawi, who died of COVID-19, praising her deep acquaintances with Persian handicrafts.

“Hijjawi was well-aware of the unique potential of Iranian handicrafts,” Mosavvari said. “Her accep- tiveness in developing, promoting, and supporting human artifacts was admirable, the minister added.

The late Ghada Hijjawi had contributed substantially to the maintenance of the World Crafts Council, and it is the mission of her deep knowledge of the unique capacities of Iranian handicrafts. A productive interaction with Iran’s Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Tourism and Handicrafts, Mosavvari noted.

“During her tenure, she took firm steps towards achieving the goals of the World Crafts Council, and a special focus on the original arts and crafts of the peoples of the planet,” Mosavvari continued.

Our country’s stood first in the number of global registration of cities and villages of handicrafts, he added. With 14 entries, Iran makes first globally for the number of cities and villages registered by the World Crafts Council, as China will set seven entries, Chile with four, and Italy with three ones come next.

In January 2021, the cities of Shiraz, Malayer, and Zanjan in the region of Qashqai and Luri were designated by the WCC-Asia Pacific Region, putting Iran in the number of world crafts cities and villages four to 14. Iran reported 252 million worth of handicrafts during the past calendar year 1399 (ended March 20, 2020). Of the figure, some 273 million worth of handicrafts were exported officially through customs, and about 350 million was earned via international fairs (save money and travel) transfer) through various provinces, according to data provided by the Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Tourism and Handicrafts.

Continued on page 4

Joint Iran-Iraq committee to pursue Gen. Soleimani assassination

TEHRAN – The secretary of the Iranian Judiciary’s High Council for Human Rights has accused an investigation commission close up jointly by Iran and Iraq will follow up the case of the U.S. assassination of top Iranian anti-terror commander Lieutenant General Qassem Suleimani.

Ali Bager Kani told Tehran pub- lic that Iran has already had some efforts in the case of the Al-Khalifa regime’s assassination of Iran’s anti-terror Popular Mobilization Forces (PMU), which are in charge of the case, is currently finalizing the investigation. “We have started another procedure in accordance with the Iraqi law,” he said.

They have the authority to pursue this crime because it took place in their country and their citizens were targeted and martyred,” Bager Kani added on Thursday, according to Press TV.

General Soleimani, commander of the Quds Force of the Islamic Revolution Guards Corps (IRGC), and Abu Mahdi al-Muhandis, the second-in-command of Iran’s anti-terror Popular Mobilization forces in Iraq, along with their bodyguards in a U.S. drone strike authorized by former President Donald Trump near Baghdad’s international airport on January 3, 2020.

Continued on page 4

Huge whiffs of desperation in Washington now…

BY MARTIN LOVE

How grand that China and Iran have finally for- given a sound and reliable alternative supply, but it is about 90 percent complete between Russia and Germany and Europe. Even a fool would wonder how grand that China and Iran have finally for- given a sound and reliable alternative supply, but it is about 90 percent complete between Russia and Germany and Europe.

Continued on page 4

Iran to launch 4th ‘house of innovation’ in Russia soon

TEHRAN – Iran will inaugurate its fourth house of innovation in Russia in May with the aim of finding new markets for domes- tic knowledge-based products in the neighboring country.

A delegation of Iranian knowl- edge-based companies will arrive on May 24-25 in order to hold busi- ness-to-business (B2B) meetings with their Russian counterparts, SINA reported.

On the sidelines of the meetings, the fourth house of innovation will officially commen- ced in Iran. It has already set up houses of inno- vation in China, KSA, and Syria.

Continued on page 7

Protests for prisoners: Rallies hit 18 districts across Bahrain

Protesters have taken to the streets in Bahrain to show solidarity with political prisoners and call for their immediate release as the ruling Al Khalifa regime’s policies have resulted in a cruel clampdown on human rights advocates and op- position figures in the country, protesters say.

On Friday evening, protesters staged rallies in more than 20 villages and towns across Bahrain, including al-Dair, al-Dukhail, al-Ifa, al-Malikiya, al-Muharraq, Durrat al-Bahrain, and Durrat al-Bahrain, according to activists.

The demonstrations came after Bahrain’s national flag and other symbols were burned in villages of al-Malikiya, al-Muharraq, Southern Sehla, and Durrat al-Bahrain. Such rallies were also called for the immediate release of the inmates, Press TV reported.

The participants held Bahrain’s monarch King Hamad bin Issa Al Khalifa fully responsible for the well-being of prisoners of conscience being behind bars in crowded jails.

The protests said the coronavirus outbreak has exacerbated the situation of the prisoners – some of whom have lost their lives to the highly contagious disease.

Bahrainis also held similar demonstra- tions in support of freedom for prominent opposition activists, al-Markhi, Noorvahid, Shahranak and Tubli as well as the political prisoners of conscience, while the rest hold up the pictures of their imprisoned loved ones as well as those of prominent opposition figures, including Zakia al-Barbouri, who was released after 15 years of imprisonment in February 2020, and had her citizenship revoked in a pro- ceedings in February 2021.

On Thursday, Bahrain’s most prominent Shia cleric Ali Salman vowed that political difficulties in Bahraini prisons are facing deaths and demanded their immediate release.

Continued on page 5

Street sweepers getting COVID-19 vaccine

On Saturday, the first group from a total of 350 street sweepers received the coronavirus vaccine in the city of Arak, central Iran.

According to the national vaccination program, four units (PMU), Iraq’s anti-terror Popular Mobilization Forces (PMU), said on Thursday, according to Press TV.

Irans will soon be one of the world’s important manufacturers of the COVID-19 vaccine.

Continued on page 2

EU failed to address COVID crisis: Canadian historian

BY BOMADY MAMZARI

Painting to populism as a key problem threatening the future of the European Union, a Canadian historian says that the EU has failed to address the COVID crisis.

“In Italy and Spain, the numbers were alarming,” David R. Macleps tells the Tehran Times.

While the majority of countries in Europe are falling short on tracking coronavirus variants, such as those first detected in the UK, South Africa, and Brazil, many more contagious strains are spreading uncharted, Europe now remains the epicenter of the coronavirus.

The COVID-19 pandemic revealed Europe’s weaknesses as it comes to health and social equality. Migrants are bearing the brunt of threats like populism and internal struggles as well.

I think there is a large ‘population that is reaching a consensus on issues like the Nord Stream pipelines, which has divided Germany and some of the others. This analogy is interesting.”

Following is the list of the interview:

• Do you think that the U.S. and Europe have been successful in containing the Coronavirus? What are the implications for US diplomacy for America and the EU?

In general, the COVID-19 has had very adverse effects in the United States, which was in denial in the early part of the US presidency and completely addressed it. The EU is too large to cover in a single statement, but in Italy and Spain, the numbers were alarming, COVID-19 has caused short-term economic declines and demonstrated the need for international cooperation when dealing with a pandemic.

Continued on page 5
Biden's Iran envoy: U.S. has to lift sanctions inconsistent with nuclear deal

By Aidin Sahabi

TEHRAN – Nearly all prominent American think tanks with a leadership role in U.S. foreign and security policies have focused on President Joe Biden's pledge to revitalize the 2015 Iran nuclear deal.

American nuclear policy and non-proliferation experts insist that this stated attention towards the JCPOA by Washington might have led to some sort of convergence between the U.S. and Iran.

They believe that at this time, notwithstanding the long-time acrimonious relationship between Tehran and Washington, both capitals are now considering the potential of the 2015 nuclear deal.

In this regard, the Center for Strategic Control Association with Dany G. Kimball as Executive Director and Korea Davenport, Director for Nonproliferation, has released a publication titled “A Smarter Strategy against Iran.”

The think tank publishes a monthly flagship magazine titled “Azad Iran” and a website for information and analysis on arms control as well as negotiations, agreements, and related national security.

In volume 5 of the journal released in April 2022, Nesar Rafati, an expert on Iran nuclear deal and regional politics, has written an article titled “The Archana Path to Restoring the Iran Nuclear Deal and other JCPOA negotiations.” In which he wrote: “Washington and Tehran have stated their commitment to restoring the JCPOA, the current dynamic indicates that actions speak louder than words.

The “latest round of negotiations” is an appropriate potential solution to break the diplomatic impasse.

He believes that the JCPOA, in its “current form,” must be considered as the substantive and fundamental step and stop. “One must simply be prudent and take initial steps that can take in parallel, thereby sidestepping the question of unilateral sanctions and unilateral selectivity.”

Rafati defends keeping existing U.S. sanctions and accuses Russia of making an effort to push for the “one-sided” JCPOA negotiations.

For example, “The United States could work with South Korea on regional security issues such as the KSA and STX.”

This trip was Iran-Iraq cooperation regarding the JCPOA.

“Despite this, a joint committee has been formed. On behalf of Iraq, the deputy attorney general and on behalf of Iran, the deputy Tehran prosecutor are represented in this committee,” the official noted.

Among the issues raised during the trip was Iran’s full return to the JCPOA.

In turn, Tehran has declared that a U.S. compliance with the JCPOA means the entire rollback of all the sanctions.

Given that Secretary of State Antony Blinken has said that an Iranian full return to the JCPOA would trigger “some sanctions relief,” Rafati claims that Iran’s preconditions is “maximalist demand” which unrealized.

For the White House, as the admiral accepts, the JCPOA is “necessary but insufficient diplomatic initiative.” As Blinken and other U.S. officials interested in the JCPOA, the U.S. seeks a “long and stronger” nuclear deal, to be constructed on top of a fully replenished JCPOA.

The expert argues that the 2015 JCPOA talks indicate that considering the “current conditions” such as a Saudi-Israeli rivalry and Iran’s “deal concern” is essential for brokering an effective, sustainable deal.

In this context, the JCPOA has been labeled as “an effort to de-escalation in the (Persian) Gulf may be the most feasible starting point.”

A few months before the U.S. presidential elections in November 2020, the Democratic nominee proposed his playbook for the region.

The Trump administration imposed more than 1,500 sanctions against Iran and its affiliates.

In turn, Tehran has declared that a U.S. compliance with the JCPOA means the entire rollback of all the sanctions.

The process of investigating the assassination of General Soleimani is supposed to be followed by a joint committee. This process of investigating the assassination of General Soleimani is supposed to be followed by a joint committee.
Gando, the most watched thriller in Iran during Noruz, sheds light on Britain's machinations by the British embassy in Tehran involving the British ambassador to Iran, Rob Macaire.

In January 2020, the British ambassador, who tries his best to get closer to ordinary Iranians by doing many things such as inviting popular Persian poets, writers, and musicians to visit forces in front of Amir Kabir University of Tehran, was accused of instigating unrest in a situation fraught with tension.

The ambassador denied the accusation, saying he didn’t participate in any protest. The police of the Iranian security forces took part in any demonstrations! Went to an event at a time when it was extremely tragically. Normal to want to pay respect to someone.

The British and American firms had decades controlled oil wealth in Iran and the region. But when the American Oil Company in Saudi Arabia reached its fifty-year agreement of revenues with the Saudis in late 1960, the British around the world. They refused to place a similar deal with Iran, prompting a direct strike in the West that persuaded Iran's oil industry to fundamentally change its approach by pursuing a nationalization of Iran's oil wealth. In early 1951, the prime minister of Iran, Mohammad Mossadegh, was overthrown by Britain and America. A move that was seen by ordinary Iranians as toppling by staging a coup together with the British. They jointly organized a coup against Mossadegh that brought down the government.

After that, in January 2020, the British embassy has remained silent on the issue, refusing to comment on the way they were accused of instigating unrest against Iran’s nuclear program or manipulating the Iranian government.

In the upcoming meeting of the JCPOA Joint Commission, Iran and the United States need to get back to the deal and make sure that the sanctions have been lifted. Then, we will verify. If the sanctions have been lifted, the British and Americanìn will be no issue for any negotiation for the United States on any other terms. They will proceed on Iran’s ability to reap the benefits of the deal, and the disastrous impacts of the U.S. withdrawal from the nuclear deal.

The Vienna meeting which will be attended by the Iranian Foreign Minister and the EU/E3+2 will aim at discussing the U.S. role in the past and the future of the JCPOA. Araqchi said in a statement on Friday. The U.S. will not be present at any meeting attended by Iran in the upcoming meeting of the JCPOA Joint Commission, and that’s ‘definitely the case,’ he added.

Iranian Foreign Minister Mohammad Javad Zarif also ruled out any prospect for a meeting between Iran and the United States during the upcoming JCPOA JC meeting in Vienna, saying that it is not possible for Iran and the U.S. to start talks on all the issues.

The source added that Iran will accept nothing but the lifting of the U.S. sanctions, and the JCPOA Joint Commission would not accept anything else in the meeting on Iran’s nuclear program without the lifting of all sanctions.

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Iran and the U.S. will meet in Vienna, a claim that was quickly rejected by Iran.

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Housing price increases 93% in Tehran city in a month/yr

TEHRAN – Housing price in Tehran city has risen 93.7 percent in the last month of the past Iranian calendar year (ended on March 20), as compared to the same month of its previous year, according to the most recent statistics published by the Central Bank of Iran (CBI).

The CBI’s report put the average price for one square meter of a one-story house in Tehran in the last month of the past year among the highest indicators, with a 120.75 percent increase compared to the same month of the previous year.

Nearby half of the total number of the said houses will be constructed in the city’s eastern regions, mostly in the areas of Marvdasht, Parand, and Dehnavi, respectively located in the west and east of the capital.

Last month, the Governor of the Central Bank of Iran (CBI) Abdolnasser Hemmati and the transport minister held a meeting to discuss ways of financing the mentioned project in the current fiscal year (ending on March 20).

In the meeting, which was also attended by the managing director of the Iran's Capital Market and listed companies (ICML), the minister called on the banks and financial organizations to provide new housing and credit facilities for improving the housing market.

The CBI governor emphasized his bank's strong support for the implementation of the government’s housing-related plans and asked the directors to participate in such programs.

The CBI governor also made it clear that banks have significant roles in the housing-related programs as much as they can, “he stressed.

IMIDRO identifies 1,700 new mineral concessions zones in Iran

TEHRAN – IMIDRO, the main index of Tehran Stock Exchange (TSE), rose 12,982 points to 12,482 million on Saturday, which is the first day of Iran’s petrochemical production capacity rises 13.5m tons

TEHRAN – Iran’s petrochemical production capacity has recently increased by 13.5 million tons compared to the same month of its previous year, according to the head of National Iranian Petrochemical Company (NIPC). Mollagh Nourbakhsh also said that the Iranian petrochemical production capacity rose from 50.5 million tons during the first quarter of the previous year to 64 million tons during the same period of time in its preceding year.

NIPC has announced its petrochemical production capacity to rise from 50.5 million tons during the first quarter of the previous year to 64 million tons during the same period of time in its preceding year.

The periodical reports and statistics indicate that Iran’s metals sector is progressing very significantly in recent years despite the severe international sanctions.

The country’s industrial organization is targeting as the most important export destinations of the country, Jahangiri called on the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and other relevant agencies to work closely to support non-oil exporters.

One of the important factors is financial support to developing industries, the minister said.

The minister announced his ministry’s target of boosting production and achieving industrial growth this year through removing the barriers in the way of domestic production and by eliminating unnecessary rules and regulations.

The official noted that the first aspect, which is related to the Industry Ministry, covers four main points, including the provincial and private organizations, removing internal bottlenecks, reforming procedures, and deleting and amending some problematic directives and regulations.

The minister also emphasized the need for banks to participate in housing-related projects, saying that banks have significant roles in the housing-related projects as much as they can.

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China is the best partner that Iran can ever have:

Mohammad Ali Najibpour

TEHRAN – The role of the U.S. Sanification campaign against China, an American geopolitical analyst says Beijing is the best partner that Iran can ever have because of the following.

“Of course, the question remains open as to whether the sanctions on China will affect its relation with Iran. It needs to be made clear that he did not share Trump's complacency over the question of abortion. There is also the Islamic Republic to modernize its economy and emerge as a regional production powerhouse.

People’s Republic of China.

Representative for strategic ties with the Islamic Republic to modernize its economy and emerge as a regional production powerhouse with this. This will in turn improve Iran’s living standards and gradually reduce the pressure of its population, which is sometimes referred to by the West only after events over the years.

Don’t you predict that the Sino-Iranian partnership may prompt the U.S. to reconsider its oil sanctions against the Islamic Republic?

That is American exceptionalism. The U.S. risks being isolated from the international community.

The lethality has been borne out. A large number of Iranian citizens were arrested.

China doesn’t take sides in regional disputes and always pursues pragmatic, balanced relations with all parties. In West Asia, China has seen its increasing economic relations with Iran. Saudi Arabia, unlike other Persian Gulf kingdoms, too.

China is a powerful ally for Iran. The questions over the JCPOA will only get worse if Tehran and Washington Hong Kong will be dropped from the U.S. terrorist list. China doesn’t take sides in regional disputes and always pursues pragmatic, balanced relations with all parties. In West Asia, China has seen its increasing economic relations with Iran. Saudi Arabia, unlike other Persian Gulf kingdoms, too.

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Symposium to explore Iran tourism over past 100 years

Iran offers condolences on death of top WCC official Ghada Hijjawi

Lufthansa to resume Frankfurt-Tehran flights this month

Police seize Parthian-era jug from smuggler

New round of restoration to start on Jameh Mosque of Saveh

Sassanid-era fortress visited by thousands of travelers in Noruz

Nouruz visits to Iranian museums falls by one-fifth due to virus

Chaharmahal-Bakhtiari registers 7,600 overnight stays in Noruz
Coronavirus vaccination begins for autistic adults

Brick-by-brick plan’ donates $2 million for school building

Iran launch 4th house of innovation in Russian

Iran to launch 4th house of innovation in Russia

By supporting innovative ideas, holding technological and innovative events, the centers will be a platform for the development and promotion of Iran’s knowledge-based companies, startups, and creative industries. The centers are mainly formed with the investment and support of the private sector in order to provide the necessary infrastructure for their exports through the innovation system.

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In case of necessity, passengers will be tested and referred to the quarantine facilities and insurance centers in the country observing the relevant protocols and doing PCR test and identifying and testing incoming passengers and keeping them in quarantine facilities, if necessary.

Thirty border checkpoints have been selected, including 18 and border points, nine air borders, and four sea borders, all of which passengers will be tested and referred to the quarantine facilities in case of necessity.

Some 5,000 members of the Iranian Red Crescent Society cooperate for carrying out the plan, while around 8,000 individuals enter the country via borders on a daily basis. Karim Herrati, head of ICRS said on March 12.

Tests showed that 14,142,418 patients have so far recovered, but 4,716,941 remain in critical condition, with 8,520 new cases of mortality.

The world’s first COVID-19 diagnostic tests have been performed in the country.

Russia develops first Covid vaccines for adults

The world’s first COVID-19 vaccine for animals has been registered by scientists in Russia, after tests showed it was effective in several species including pets and livestock.

The jab already has orders from farms in Russia and other businesses in Europe, Poland and Austria, and companies in the US, Canada and Singapore are said to have shown an interest in the vaccine.

“The results of the trials allow us to conclude that the vaccine is safe and highly immunogenic after one single dose,” said Konstantin Savvinov, deputy director of the Federal Scientific Center for Animal Health – said in the statement.

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Art Dubai 2021 showcases artworks by Iranian artists

**Art Dubai 2021**

**TEHRAN** — Works by Iranian artists were showcased at Art Dubai 2021, which came to an end on Saturday.

The artworks had been selected by the Tehran gallery Dastan’s Basement, in collaboration with the London-based international, which also has an office in Los Angeles.

**A painting by Mansour Kheiri that was showcased at the 13th Art Dubai.**

Professor Mohammad (S) Lying would negatively impact your livelihood.

**Many Iranian bookstores host “The Man Who Loved Books Too Much.”**

**Iranian bookstores host “The Man Who Loved Books Too Much.”**

**TEHRAN** — The 14th edition of the fair, recognized as West Asia’s leading program. Bartlett was named a San Francisco Library Laureate

The epic exteriorizes the mystic's experiences in the 40 days of seclusion.

It is regarded by most of the Persian-reading orders

Poetry. Indeed, Rumi is reputed to have written mostly

He nevertheless surpassed

Imitating Nezami’s Khamseh, Khosrow introduced a

...the Saidi of Hindustan...