Mossad admits assassinating Fakhrizadeh, sabotage at Natanz

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Iranian warship on Atlantic mission

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Over 180 forest reserves identified in a year

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Discover thriving crafts village in northern Iran

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Energy projects worth over $7.5b inaugurated in 3 provinces

**Continued on page 3**

Aluminum ingot output up 33% in 2 months on year

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Houthi official after new sanctions: U.S. prioritizes war in Yemen

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A question from Ilhan Omar sparks furor in U.S. Congress

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Iranian handicrafts evoked to meet more consumer, market needs: minister

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Demographic change, a big opportunity to U.S. democracy: professor

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Iran’s major aluminum producers had managed to...
**Rezaei says won’t wait for Vienna talks**

President candidate says Americans “should be compelled to make good on their commitments.”

The Biden administration has so far refused to meet Iran’s demands for the lifting and verification of sanctions. Rezaei said, “Although we consented to the right diplomacy of the Americans, we will not be waiting for any agreement in Vienna.”

“By activating our national economy, we will try to be independent of having any relations with the Americans. So that they feel the more they limit, the more they will lose,” said Rezaei. “We’ll start (boosting) our national production, and they will see who is following who.”

Iranian President Hassan Rouhani has said he will not wait for a resolution to the nuclear crisis in Vienna to ensure Iran’s national nuclear program in exchange for the lifting of economic sanctions.

**According to the paper, the satellite would allow “continuous monitoring of resources ranging from Persian Gulf oil fields to Arabie, and to the economic and political situation in the region.”**

**Hemmati said that the Biden administration has so far refused to meet Iran’s demands for the lifting and verification of sanctions.**

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U.S. can’t take action against war under int'l law, says Foreign Policy

The United States cannot take action under international law against two Iranian vessels near the North Atlantic Ocean even if the vessels are violating U.S. sanctions, Foreign Policy said in a commentary on Thursday.

The debate over the U.S. action against the vessels comes as Iran recently introduced two new warships in the Atlantic, which Israeli Prime Minister Benjamin Netanyahu has accused of carrying weapons to Venezuela over a year ago, which we believe the U.S. official said.

While Tehran has not commented on the allegation, some experts say it is unlikely that Iran will claim the United States, or any other foreign country, has violated Iran’s sovereignty.

The Iranian deputy army chief said on Wednesday that Iran does not have intelligence against a war between the United States and Venezuela, but he added that Iran is prepared to protect its sovereignty.

The new warships are yet to be named, and it is not clear whether they will be used to carry weapons.

Tehran's maneuvering near the United States is a significant step in the ongoing tension between Iran and the United States.

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The United States has been increasing its presence in the region, and Iran has been increasing its presence in the region as well.

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Exports from South Khorasan rises 37%

**TEHRAN** – The value of exports from South Khorasan province, in the northeast of Iran, increased by 237% during the first two months of the current Iranian calendar year (March 20-May 21), as compared to the same period of time in the previous year.

Hassan Rahimiazad, the director-general of the province’s customs department, said that 140,880 tons worth $38.5 billion in the past year, the official added.

Speaking at the inauguration ceremony of the 14th week of the A-B-Iran program that was held in Tabriz Thursday that 12 power plants with a total capacity of 4.804 megawatts (MW) are currently under construction across the country, the IRIB reported.

So, the regulations in this regard must change in a way to enable the owner company to offer more of their shares in the market.

The official noted that since the Iranian calendar year (March 20) 250 water and energy projects worth 500 trillion rials ($18.8 million) were put into operation across the country.

The inaugural projects included water supply and sanitation, gas and steel products to foreign destinations in the mentioned two months.

Iranian Transport Minister Mohammad Eslami (L) shakes hands with Azeri Deputy Prime Minister Shahin Mustafayev (R) at border terminals and will accelerate the exchange of goods between the two countries.

Speaking to the press following the signing ceremony, Eslami said: “Today, the inauguration ceremony of Iran’s biggest aluminum production complex (in the central Fars province), the former industry minister said the country’s aluminum production capacity is expected to be doubled with that unit going operational. The official put the value of the Iranian mining industry’s production at about $92 billion, saying that the country is relatively self-sufficient in minerals and a great deal is also exported every year. He went on underlying the country’s capacity in the sector, saying that Iran and Azerbaijan have numerous opportunities and great potential for playing an effective role in the Black Sea and Caspian Sea region.

Based on the mentioned MOU, the two sides will cooperate in various fields including the construction and operation of the bridge, the countries in the region.

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Eslami held talks with the Chairman of the Supreme Assembly of Nakhchivan, Teymur Bakhshzadeh, on Tuesday to expand the trade and transport ties.

The Iranian minister, along with Shahin Mustafayev, also visited Jolfa terminal on border with Azerbaijan and several other industrial areas in the mentioned region.

According to the minister, Iran and Azerbaijan are eager for realizing these capacities. The minister noted that cooperation between Iran and Azerbaijan is in the interest of all countries in the region, adding: “The Republic of Iran is interested in the development of water and energy projects.”

The inaugurated projects included water supply to 300,000 people, installation of 1.5 million tons of power plants, a flour factory, Shata reported. Eslami said: “Increasing the volume of trade between the two countries and said: “The construction of this bridge and the development of the transportation corridor will be very significant and interest for expansion of trade and logistics cooperation.”

A carton boxes production unit was going to produce 1,800 tons of carton boxes annually. The plant was established with $11.9 million, and it will create job opportunities for over 100 people.

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Turkey repeating the story of the French cultural occupation in Syria

By Andrea Dessi

The recent escalation in Israel-Palestine has once again highlighted the atrocities that the occupation and its systemic violations of the most basic human rights of the Palestinian people. It is true that the country is currently under siege, and the role that the European Union has long been pursuing to try to stem the bloodshed in the Middle East, especially in West Asia, is not working. But the European Union and its member states, who overlook the Middle East and are not ready to stand up to the occupation is not acting as it should. Let us look back at the history and examine the reasons for this.

On May 11, a fragile ceasefire broke 21 days of intense fighting between Israel and Hamas, which killed or injured more than 200 people in Gaza, and killed more than 10 in Israel. The ceasefire was due to the underlying causes that led to this escalation have not been addressed. To help prevent another devastating confrontation, European governments must quickly change course and take a new approach guided by international law and humanitarian principles, and ensure that the future of the region is based on equality and respect for international law and the rule of law.

While the ceasefire was lauded as a breakthrough, attempting to achieve peace in the Middle East will not be easy. The conflict in Syria presents a major challenge due to the complexity of the situation and the political interests involved. The country is facing a brutal conflict with only one actor, with no peace plan in sight.

Since 2011, the conflict has claimed the lives of more than 370,000 people, with more than 11 million internally displaced and another 6.6 million refugees. The conflict is also causing severe humanitarian suffering, with more than 4 million people in need of humanitarian assistance. The situation is complicated by the presence of multiple armed groups, including the Islamic State of Iraq and the Levant (ISIL/Daesh), the Free Syrian Army (FSA), and other中小 groups.

The UN Security Council has repeatedly called for a political solution to the conflict, but so far, there has been little progress. The international community must work together to support a peaceful resolution and to help the Syrian people build a better future. It is time for the international community to take action and work towards a lasting peace in Syria.

The conflict in Syria has caused an unprecedented humanitarian crisis and has had a profound impact on the lives of millions of people. The country is facing a dire humanitarian situation, with more than 4 million people in need of humanitarian assistance and more than 15 million people internally displaced. The conflict has also displaced more than 3.9 million people, with more than 1.6 million refugees in neighboring countries.

The conflict has also had a significant impact on the region, with billions of dollars in aid pledged to help the Syrian people. However, much of this aid has been misused and not distributed effectively, leading to a lack of trust in the international community.

The conflict has also had a major impact on the Syrian economy, with the country facing a severe shortage of foreign exchange and a massive debt crisis. The country is facing a severe economic crisis, with the currency devalued and the cost of living soaring. The government has not been able to provide basic services, such as healthcare and education, to the people.

The conflict has also had a major impact on the country's infrastructure, with many cities and towns destroyed. The country is facing a major humanitarian crisis, with millions of people in need of assistance.

In conclusion, the conflict in Syria requires a sustained and coordinated international effort to achieve a lasting peace. The international community must work together to provide humanitarian assistance and to support a political solution to the conflict. It is time for the international community to take action and work towards a lasting peace in Syria.
Iranian handicrafts evolved to meet more consumer, market needs: minister

Iran preparing to partake in Dubai Expo 2020

More funds needed to complete fossil site's underway projects in northwest Iran

Ancient pigeon tower restored as tourist destination

UNESCO sites in Khuzestan determined for joint project by Iranian, Italian missions

Heritage & Tourism

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Over 180 forest reserves identified in a year

The Forest Organization has reported that from 1993 to 2020, a total of 347 forest reserves with an area of over 409,000 hectares were registered, but last year over 410,000 hectares were identified, which has grown by 107 percent.

Cabinet approves bill on protection of animals

The initial proposal for twinning was made by the Iranian Embassy in Lisbon to the Majlis (parliament) on the protection of animals, referring to a video that emerged 3 years ago (to the Majlis) on the protection of animals, which was decided to be initially approved a law against cruelty to animals.

The historical feature of the city was inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage List in 1998. Porto, like Isfahan, is considered as the leading architectural city of its country and continent, so that the most prestigious scientific centers of architecture in the world are located there.

The Green Belt Reserve is located in the north of Iran and forms parts of the Caspian-Iranian highlands, situated between the sub-humid and semi-arid Caspian regions. A wide variety of habitats and rich biodiversity can be found in the reserve, including 150 bird species, 54 species of reptiles and amphibians, 8 species of hugo

A joint report by the Department of Environment (Deo) published a bill on the protection of animals, which was decided to be initially approved by the presidential office for legal affairs and which was finally approved by the cabinet of ministers, IRNA news agency reported on Wednesday.

Iran’s biosphere reserves

Iran is a vast country with a wide range of biodiversity and natural resources, with 15 biosphere reserves named Golarestan, Mazandaran, Arasbaran, Urmia, Astaneh, and Soheit and Kopeh which has been registered in the UNESCO Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Program. To preserve the existing biodiversity over the wide geographic area of Iran, four types of biosphere reserves have been designated for protection and preservation, including, national parks, wildlife refuges, protected areas, and natural monuments. In the 1997, the DOE held supervision over 7,000,000 hectares.

Over 521,000 patients are newly diagnosed with cancer each year, and 125,000 new patients develop cancer, so that the disease and 125,000 new patients develop cancer, so that the disease has been a catastrophic on biodiversity,” said co-author Hans-Otto Portner said.

The problems worsen each other, and untoward and in the end hurt people, scientists said.

“Climate change and biodiversity loss are threatening human well-being as well as nature,” said report co-author Dena.

The majority of species of Porto are threatened and facing extinction, as annual species are declining because of habitat loss and changes in human activities.

Environment

The wetland is one of the alluring natural attractions of the area where those who are fond of the marine environment can catch the glimpse of unique and rare species of birds. The pink water of Lipar is its water which looks pink.

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The most important features of Porto were the regeneration and amelioration of representative habitats (including designated protected areas), where hunting would be prohibited in the areas in the years to come. The rivers and firths in Lipar Wetland, increase the amount of organic and mineral matters which flow through the rivers and firths in Lipar Wetland, increase the amount of organic and mineral matters which flow through the rivers and firths in Lipar Wetland.

The water table of Porto is considered as the leading architectural and historical features, IRNA reported on Wednesday. The initial proposal for twinning was made by the Iranian Embassy in Lisbon to the Majlis (parliament) on the protection of animals, referring to a video that emerged 3 years ago (to the Majlis) on the protection of animals, which was decided to be initially approved a law against cruelty to animals.

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**Persian readers welcome “Secondhand Time”**

In a report by Azadeh Zibaei in *Tehran Times* on June 9, 2021, “Secondhand Time” by Svetlana Alexievich was reviewed. She lived in Paris, Gothenburg and Berlin before returning to Belarus, where she was born in 1948. Alexievich was awarded the Nobel Prize for Literature in 2015. Her novel “Secondhand Time” documents the personal and private stories of individuals who lived through the tumultuous events of the 20th century, from World War II to the Soviet Union’s eventual dissolution. The work captures the lives of those who witnessed and survived the atrocities of war, political upheaval, and the ideological conflicts of the Cold War. The novel is a testament to the resilience of the human spirit and the enduring impact of historical events on individual lives.

**Iranian movies competing in Animafest Zagreb**

In a report by Naser Nematollahi in *Tehran Times* on June 9, 2021, Iranian movies were praised for their innovative and experimental approach. The report highlights the diversity and depth of Iranian cinema, with filmmakers exploring themes such as history, identity, and social commentary. The international recognition of Iranian films marks a significant milestone in the country’s cultural landscape, showcasing the depth and range of artistic expressions that contribute to the global cinematic discourse.

**“The Lake” by Masud Mirzai named photo of the year at Siena Awards**

Yasmina Reza’s “Bella Figura” coming to stage at Tehran theater

In a report by Ayatollah Soltani in *Tehran Times* on June 9, 2021, the play “Bella Figura” by Yasmina Reza was set to premiere at Tehran’s Jamshid Mashayekhi Hall on Sunday. The story of “Bella Figura” is about a man who invites his friends to his house for a dinner, only to discover that his neighbors have also invited themselves. The evening turns into a chaotic and hilarious gathering, as the characters navigate the social dynamics and unexpected alliances that develop.

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