Iran, Kyrgyzstanz discuss expansion of trade, transport ties

TEHRAN – A high-ranking Kyrgyz delegation headed by the country’s Economy and Commerce Minister Davran Amanageldiev arrived in Tehran on Saturday to hold talks with Iranian officials and discuss expanding trade and transport relations.

During his visit to Tehran, Amanageldiev met with Iranian Finance and Economic Affairs Minister Ehsan Khodadoust and Transport and Urban Development Minister Roshtam Qasemi.

Iranian movies honored at Ojai Film Festival

TEHRAN – Iranian films won several prizes at the 37th edition of the Ojai Film Festival held in California, the US.

The Iranian Ministry of Culture and Islamic Guidance announced that 15 films were screened in the event.

Two of the Iranian films directed by Reza Mirkarimi were screened in the festival.

The two films are “Akyoon” and “The Nightingale.” The first one is directed by Reza Mirkarimi and the other one is directed by Kimia Pourshabestani.

The films were screened in the competition section of the festival.

Shustar Historical Hydraulic System closed amid safety concerns

TEHRAN – The UNESCO-registered Shustar Historical Hydraulic System has been closed to visitors amid safety concerns after its western side was announced to be “unstable.”

“Shustar Historical Hydraulic System was closed to the public until further notice due to the unstable conditions of the western wall,” Mehr reported on Sunday.

Desertification intensifies: will management policies be revised?

By Faramarz Bahktiar

TEHRAN – While Iran is facing an intensified trend of desertification, desert-greening operations should be carried out across more than one million hectares of land according to the Sixth National Development Plan (2016-2021), but the progress has been much less than projected.

In the meantime, experts have proposed solutions such as reframing from improper dam construction and referring water and soil management policies.

Parviz Garshasbi, deputy head of the Forest, Rangelands, and Watershed Management Organization (FRWMO), said that according to the Sixth National Development Plan, desert-greening measures were to be carried out in 1340,000 hectares of the country’s deserts, but up to now, the operations have been conducted in only 350,000 hectares of deserts.

An estimated 2 billion tons of soil is lost due to desertification in Iran annually, it takes an average of 400 years to form a centimeter of soil on the planet, he said, adding, in Iran’s climate, this time is between 700 and 1000 years.

Syria will attend the next Arab summit in Algeria, Syrian politician predicts

By Mohammad Mazhari

TEHRAN – A member of the Syrian National Reconciliation Committee says his country will be present at the next Arab summit in Algeria.

“My estimation, Syria will be present at the next Arab summit in Algeria,” Omar Rahmoun tells the Tehran Times.

It seems that the ice between Damascus and Arab countries are thawing.

United Arab Emirates Foreign Minister Abdullah bin Zayed al-Nahyan met Syrian President Bashar al-Assad in Damascus on Tuesday in a sign of reestablishing ties between Syria and the Persian Gulf states.

“There is no doubt that the UAE did not take this step until after the approval of the entire functional Arab states,” Rahmoun remarked.

Zayed is the most senior Emirati official to visit Syria in a decade since the eruption of a terrorist war in the country in which several Arab states backed mainly extremist insurgents against the Assad government.

The visit is widely seen as a sign of regional efforts to normalize ties with Syria, a country grappling with a spiraling economic crisis caused by years of conflict and compounding by Western sanctions.

The visit is also expected to pave the way for Syran politician such as Russia, China and Iran in limiting the military intervention by Western powers in Syria during the war, in an effort to turn the page on the crisis caused by years of conflict and compounding by Western sanctions.

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By Mohammad Mazhari

TEHRAN – The United States military covered up, what most legal experts will view as war crimes, by killing at least 64 women and children during two back-to-back air strikes in Syria. That’s according to an investigation just released by the New York Times.

The paper says it has managed, over the space of several months, to access, collect and scrutinize details of the strikes in the Eastern Syrian town of Baghuz, Deir al-Zour province. This includes confidential documents and descriptions of classified reports.

During the meeting with Khodadoust, the Kyrgyz minister underlined the need to develop economic and trade relations between the two countries and stressed the unique capabilities of the Islamic Republic of Iran in the field of fragile transport, especially from Bandar Abbas to the Caspian Sea coastal nations, saying that Central Asian countries are eager to strengthen the Northern corridor.

Amanageldiev also pointed to Kyrgyzstan and Iran’s membership in the Eurasian Economic Union (EAEU) and underlined the union’s capacity to develop trade relations between the two countries.

Khodadoust for his part referred to the determination of the Iranian government for developing relations with neighboring countries as well as the countries in the region and emphasized the need to create the necessary facilities to promote and improve the activities of businessmen and traders of the two countries.

Ghasemi confirmed as London 2012 gold medalist

TEHRAN – Iranian freestyle wrestler Komeil Ghasemi has officially been confirmed as the London 2012 gold medalist, after the International Olympic Committee (IOC) ratified new rankings.

Two podium finishers in the men’s 120kg were stripped of medals due to doping, with Uzbekistan’s Artur Taymazov and Georgia’s Ghasemi confirmed as London 2012 gold medalist.

Two other wrestlers in the men’s 120kg were also stripped of medals.

The final rankings will see two gold medalists, with Komeil Ghasemi and Russia’s Bilyal Makhov now topping the standings respectively.

The two wrestlers had lost in the semifinals.

Ghasemi also won a silver medal four years later in the 2016 Olympic Games in Rio de Janeiro.

He lost to Turkey’s wrestler Taha Akgül in the final match of the 125kg.

The U.S. must show good faith and stick to it, said the paper. Biden should and what the world wants to see, satisfy the hardliners in Washington, Biden may or may not be keen enough to do what he should and what the world wants to see, but there are some pressures of him to do the right thing.

Sureh-Mehr, the publisher of the original book, said, Mehr reported.

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Brilliance comes from struggle, the future arises from the past

By Chang Hua, Ambassador of China to Iran

In recent years, major-country diplomacy with Chinese characteristics has been promoted on all fronts, the concept of a human community with a shared future has become a "human" leading trend of the times and human progress, and China's international influence, its commitment to peace and development, and its prospects have increased significantly. The great achievements made by the Chinese people under the leadership of the CPC, the success of China's reform and opening up, and the applicability of the Chinese path and the Chinese model have attracted the attention of all countries.

China will continue to uphold the concept of a community with a shared future for mankind and maintain world peace.

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A view from the peanut gallery in the U.S.

One has to be impressed with what Iran did in attacking the U.S. air base after Qassem Soleimani's assassination.

It is no wonder Iran wants to guarantee the perpetuity of a revived JCPOA no matter who gets in the White House in 2024. Moreover, even while one hears that Azerbaijan's President Ilham Aliyev has ramped up military spending and alleged preparations for an attack on Iran's nuclear assets should the JCPOA not be revived as it had been or maybe because Iran's nuclear program indeed has become a second term as President, and one is even paying interest expenses on its interest rates (Volcker raised them to 20 percent in 1980) because that would crush the entire economy and the capital markets and the U.S. debt load, approaching $30 trillion, would quickly reveal the U.S. to be utterly bankrupt and incapable of even paying interest expenses on its paper.

In the new era, China will continue to uphold the concept of a community with a shared future for mankind and maintain world peace.

Raising a child has become a primary challenge for American couples. On a hand, they want to form a family. On the other hand, they need to sustain their economic status.

As your income level increases, so will the amount you spend on your child. This chart reveals how much you will be spending on your child each year from 2019 to 2026.
Iran-Turkey close cooperation is mutually beneficial

TEHRAN – The Turkish foreign minister was in Tehran on Monday for a visit that is expected to result in the strengthening of ties between Tehran and Ankara.

The Turkish foreign ministry confirmed that the visit would take place on Monday.“He Mevlut Cavusoglu, Minister of Foreign Affairs of the Republic of Turkey will pay an official visit to Iran on 15 November, 2021 upon the invitation of HE Hossein Amir-Abdollahian, Minister for Foreign Affairs and International Development of the Islamic Republic of Iran,” it said in a statement on Sunday.

Observers said at a time when relations between Tehran and Ankara enjoy relative stability after a period of tension following the visit of the main backer of Azerbaijan.

The Turkish foreign ministry also said that during Cavusoglu’s visit a range of bilateral, regional and international issues would be discussed.

“During the visit, all aspects of our bilateral relations will be discussed and views on regional and international developments will be exchanged,” the statement added.

Persis and Karabakh are the most important issues in that will feature high during the visit along with bilateral issues ranging from trade to border cooperation.

Baghi Kani has stated that a number of important talks are expected, according to which the Iranian government intends to seek stability and security in Iraq,” said a source who added that this is why the visit has been described as a “positive consequence of Iran’s efforts to have a constructive role in the region.”

The expert on Iraq added that the visit of the Turkish foreign minister will be a “positive development” in the region, and that both countries aim to strengthen their cooperation.

“During the visit, all aspects of our bilateral relations will be discussed and views on regional and international developments will be exchanged,” the source said.

The expert on Iraq added that the visit of the Turkish foreign minister will be a “positive development” in the region, and that both countries aim to strengthen their cooperation.

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Iran, Kyrgyz talk railroad, trade cooperation

The head of Iran’s Iran Mercantile Exchange (IME), Rasouli Dana, said major overhaul of transportation cooperation with neighboring countries, including Tajikistan, is on the agenda.

He said that the transport sector needs to be modernized, and we have not yet taken effective measures to be taken for the development of the aviation industry.

He further stated that the most important factor in the development of the aviation industry is the use of specialists to promote it, adding: “In order to empower the aviation industry to meet the needs of the country, we need more work to be done and this capability exists inside the country.

Elsewhere in his remarks, Rasouli mentioned the needs of other transportation sectors, including road, maritime, and rail, and said: “The transport sector needs to modernize its fleet, and we have not yet achieved the goals of the program in the rail, sea and land sectors.”

Rasouli pointed to the existing problems in the railway fleet and also the incompleteness of the country’s railway corridors and said: “Conditions in the railway sector are not favorable, the average life of the road transportation fleet is high and facing the sea sector, despite high capacities, the capacity of the country’s ports has not been used well.”

Iran has been supplied in the first half of the year and $15 billion has also been supplied for the imports of Covid-19 vaccine.

“The $5.9 billion that has been provided this year is almost equal to the total currency provided for the imports of basic goods in the previous calendar year (ended on March 20),” she said.

Raveshi pointed to the achievements of Iran in this area, saying: “In the conditions of sanctions and reduction of oil revenues, we were able to meet the basic needs of the country and even the necessary materials for the production of products under the ICA, which has been a success for the country and shows that the capacity of the country’s non-oil exports is increasing.”

According to the official, the expansion of transportation cooperation with other countries will lead to the expansion of trade and will gradually increase the country’s revenues.

“I have made plans for upgrading our transportation fleet; however, we need to take the necessary measures for the sustained development of the aviation industry,” he stressed.

The CBI has allocated $1.2 billion for the import of basic goods on Saturday, Mostafa Qamar-Vafa, the new head of the CBI’s public relations department, wrote on the social media.

The CBI has supplied $9.5 billion for importing basic goods in the current fiscal year’s budget bill, all of which was announced.

-reported by IRIB, Shiva Raveshi

On the sidelines of Raisi’s visit to Tajikistan, officials from both sides had also met and set the goal for promoting trade ties to $500 million per year.

The delegations also signed eight cooperation documents, in different areas including tourism, labor and energy.

Earlier in June, Dushanbe had hosted the 4th meeting of the Iran-Tajik joint Economic Committee, the Tehran Times reported.

Promoting economic relations was the major focus of the mentioned meeting which was co-chaired by Former Iranian Energy Minister Reza-Ardakani and Tajikistan’s Minister of Energy and Water Recourses Daler Iskanderi.
Syria will attend the next Arab Summit in Algeria, Syrian politician predicts

From page 1 ▶ Following is the rest of the text...

What are the messages of UAE Foreign Minister Abdulla bin Zayed's visit to Syria for Arab countries and the re-

The messages of Sheikh Abdulla bin Zayed’s visit to Syria for the media in the UAE, and it is not possible to say whether his visit was in one way or another. The second message is that Syria constitutes the northern front, low line or even a theater, and it is necessary to communicate with the United Arab Emirates and the US to bring Syria back to the Arab League to counter Turkish ambition. It also includes closing the page of the Arab Spring and opening the path of peace and coexistence between the two Arab Spring countries.

How do you assess the role of the Persian Gulf states in the exacerbation of the Syrian crisis over the past five years?

The Arabs in general believe that there were not even one position, and even when they were, they did not share the same view regarding the Syrian crisis. The first thing one knows is that Qatar financed and supported the Muslim Brotherhood in Syria, whereas the UAE led the project of counter-revolutions in all the Arab world, from overthrowing Mohammed Morsi and installing a Muslim Brotherhood in Egypt to bringing down Rachid Gouhlou and overthrowing the Brotherhood in Libya and still insisting on maintaining a friendship hand to Syria to restore a bridge between Damascus and other Arab capitals.

Regarding the crisis in Syria, the role of Qatar and Saudi Arabia until 2014 was different from that of the UAE, but in the UAE, and it is not possible to compare the whole scene in the same way.

Do you think that the UAE can play the role of a lobbies's role for Syria’s return to the arms of the Arab world, especially the Arab League?

The UAE has a leading role in the Arab world alongside Saudi Arabia and Egypt and certainly this visit is one to Syria’s return to the Arab League with Emirates efforts.

There is no doubt that the UAE did not take this step until after the approval of the influential Arab states, and in my estimation, Syria will be present at the next Arab summit in Algeria.

Some Arab countries, including Persian Gulf states, urge Syria to break alliance with Iran in exchange for a return to the Arab world. What was Syria’s answer to that?

No one required Syria to break its alliance with Iran, because everyone knows that Syria’s coalition and partnership with Iran aims to contain local and pro-israeli and anti-terrorist terrorism.

The Arab interests have not been undermined by the Iranian pres- ence in Syria. Therefore, no one required Syria to break its alliance with Iran. If Syria has found that it is in a sovereign affair that has no one has to do with it. What is Syria’s plan when it comes to rebuilding its economy and entering the post-war era with the help of its allies such as Iran and Russia as well as collaboration with some Arab countries such as Egypt and the UAE?

Today, Syria is looking for reconstruction, and rebuilding what was destroyed during the war, in an effort to turn the page of the 21st century. This is a decent view on the Chinese approach to reconstruction which focused on enabling reconstruction.

Syria hopes a lot of benefits on opening a bridge to the Arab countries, especially for the (Persian) Gulf, because it has an effective role, and Syria has had a dis- tinct experience with war.

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Syria has a lot of benefits on opening the gate to the Arab countries, especially for the (Persian) Gulf, because it has an effective role, and Syria has had a distinct experience with war.

The terrorist attack in Baghuz that killed at least 68 civilians is not new and is not novel.

The attack is just the tip of the iceberg.

The New York Times says it has sent its findings to U.S. Central Command which acknowledged the strikes for the first time, however, U.S. officials added that 80 people were killed but without citing any evidence. It is making a claim that the bomb alarms the death of civilians and four civilians. As for the oth- er 60 people killed, the statement was also made, it was not clear whether they were civilians or not.

The terrorist attack in Baghuz that killed at least 68 civilians is not new and is not novel.

The attack is just the tip of the iceberg.

The reality is the United States has conducted thousands of airstrikes in Syria, and a gen- eral war against Daesh in Iraq and Syria without any transparency on civilian casualties.

For instance, in 2017 residents and security sources in the Iraqi city of Mosul said American air- craft killed 46 civilians in a residential area and flattened a mosque.

But the fact of the matter is in America did not receive any information, even reports on civilian casualties. For instance, it was reported that on the 170th F-15 squadron and the drone crew to safe guard all video and other evidence. He reported the strike to his chain of command, saying the attack was a possible war crime, which meant a thorough, independent investigation was required. However, that never happened.

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Iran tourism needs to rebuild global trust, expert says

TEHRAN – Iran must rebuild trust with the global tourism market, the head of the Iranian Tour Operators Association said.

The level of Iran’s health security and vaccination against coronavirus should be advertised internationally to gain further trust from the global tourism market, Ibrahim Pourpoor said.

The health and safety level in Iran is a major concern for tourists, he noted, ISNA reported.

It is the responsibility of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs, embassies, economic and cultural attaches, and tourism to inform the world about Iran’s great achievements in the Petra dam and tunnel and by Roman civil engineering.

“Health and hygiene have been considered a Wonder of the World not only by the Persians but also by the Arab-Muslims at the peak of their civilization,” according to an UN cultural body.

Furthermore, one of its main canals is a versatile artificial watercourse that makes possible the construction of a new town and the irrigation of a vast plain, at the time a desert.

UNESCO says that the Shushtar Historical Hydraulic System demonstrates outstanding universal value as its present form dates from the 3rd century CE, probably on older basins from the 5th century BC. It is complete, with numerous functions, and large-scale, making it exceptional.

TEHRAN – The construction of a fence wall has been completed around Falak-ol-Aflak, the mausoleum of Sassanid king, the museum and the German Archaeological Institute have announced.

The exhibit puts the spotlight on the appropriation of humans and the irrigation of a vast plain, at the time a desert.

Moreover, traditional materials have been used in the recent construction that has harmonized with the city’s historic attributes.

The unsuitable eight-story monument seems particularly dramatic when floodlit at night.

Shushtar Historical Hydraulic System closed amid safety concerns

Iranian, German archaeologists discuss further cooperation

TEHRAN – Panels of Iranian and German archaeologists and cultural heritage experts on Saturday discussed ways to expand cooperation between the two states.

Archaeologists from the Ruhr University Bochum exchanged views with Iranian counterparts to conduct further studies/exca -vations at Chehrabad Salt Mine of Zanjan, which was declared a UNESCO historical tourism site in 2009, the Shushtar Historical Hydraulic System is a heritage of the synthesis of earlier Elamite and Mesopotamian list in 2009, the Shushtar Historical Hydraulic System is a heritage of the synthesis of earlier Elamite and Mesopotamian knowhow; it was probably influenced by the Petra dam and tunnel and by Roman civil engineering.

The property is as rich in its diversity of civil engineering structures and its constructions as in the diversity of its uses (urban water supply, mills, irrigation, river transport, and defensive systems).

The Shushtar Historical Hydraulic System is a heritage of the synthesis of earlier Elamite and Mesopotamian knowhow; it was probably influenced by the Petra dam and tunnel and by Roman civil engineering.

The hydraulic system has been considered a Wonder of the World not only by the Persians but also by the Arab-Muslims at the peak of their civilization,” according to an UN cultural body.

Regarding the resumption of international tourism flow to Iran, he mentioned.

As a condition for entry into Iran, tourists must present negative coronavirus PCR test results, issued at most 96 hours before arrival, is required for those intending to travel to Iran, the Ministry of Tourism is responsible for monitoring the implementation of all health protocols, the official said.

Beginning mass vaccination against the coronavirus will provide better and safe conditions for international travels in 2022, he added.

The historical structure has been completely reconstructed and is ready to open to the public as a museum that focuses on history and archaeology.

The project will be carried out in collaboration with Saqqez Municipality, the official added.

The monument, which is the oldest bathhouse in the region, has been inscribed on the national heritage list.

Bathhouses or ‘hammams’ in Iran were not only places for bathing and cleaning up. They had a social concept for people who gathered at these places weekly.

It was a place where people talked with each other about their daily life and shared humor and news. There were bathhouses in Iranian cities but they do not have their social function anymore since most people have bathrooms in their homes due to the modern lifestyle.

Some cities had separate bathhouses for men and women. They were usually built next to each other. However, there were some bathhouses, which were used by men and women at different times of the day.

As a condition for entry into the country, the quadruple vaccine has been introduced for all health protocols, the official said.

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National diabetes week highlighting “care, now more than ever”

TEHRAN – The national diabetes week is being held from November 13-19 with the theme of "diabetes care, now more than ever."

In Iran, the latest data published in the "Journal of Diabetes and Metabolism" showed that 13.9 million people are suffering from diabetes, making the country the most affected country in Asia. According to the WHO, 1 in 5 people with diabetes (136 million) will die each year from the disease, which disappeared within one to two days.

Diabetes caused 4.2 million deaths in 2019. Every year, the World Diabetes Day became an official holiday on November 14, marked every year on November 14, the birthday of Sir Frederick Banting, who co-discovered insulin along with Charles Best in 1922.

In Iran, 25 percent of people are not aware of their diabetes. The figure is 50 percent in the west and 60 percent in West Asia and North Africa region.

World Diabetes Day

World Diabetes Day (WDD) was created in 1991 in response to growing concerns about the escalating health threat posed by diabetes. World Diabetes Day became an official United Nations Day in 2006 to be marked every year on November 14, the birthday of Sir Frederick Banting, who co-discovered insulin along with Charles Best in 1922.

Every year the World Diabetes Day campaign focuses on a dedicated theme that runs for one or more years. The theme for World Diabetes Day 2021 -23 is Access to Diabetes Care. - If Not When. - Facts and figures

Nearly 463 million adults (in) 15-79 years were living with diabetes in 2019. The number of people living with diabetes is expected to rise to 761 million by 2030.

The number of people with diabetes living in urban areas and three-quarters are of working age.

One in 5 people with diabetes (136 million) is above 65 years of age.

Diabetes caused 4.2 million deaths in 2019. Diabetes was responsible for at least $760 billion in health expenditure in 2007 – 10% of the global total spent on healthcare.

Unfortunately, over the past decade, about one million hectares of sand and dust hotspots have been added to the country’s desert due to the wrong policies in the field of water and agricultural resource management and in total due to climate change and human intervention, he explained.

Mousavifard, head of the IRNA, referring to the policy of water conservation and management of rehabilitated areas, said that policies approved and communicated to all provinces. Since then, management based on the participation of local planet, desertification, desertification, desertification, desertification.

Some 22 provinces of the country with an area of 293.25 million hectares in 187 regions are affected by desertification and 23 percent of the total area is subject to severe desertification in terms of reduction of vegetation and soil fertility.

Also, 22 provinces of the country with an area of 293.25 million hectares in 187 regions are affected by desertification and 23 percent of the total area is subject to severe desertification in terms of reduction of vegetation and soil fertility. The number of people living with diabetes is expected to rise to 761 million by 2030. Three hundred people with diabetes live in urban areas and three-quarters are of working age.

One in 5 people with diabetes (136 million) is above 65 years of age.

Diabetes caused 4.2 million deaths in 2019. Diabetes was responsible for at least $760 billion in health expenditure in 2007 – 10% of the global total spent on healthcare.
Spanish teens climb rungs of “The Ladder to the World” to learn about creation of universe

Maryam Fattahzadeh has translated the book published by Chatmaz.

It is a small book for anyone in search of hope, looking for a path to a more meaningful life, in need of encouragement.

Happiness occurs when you forget who you’re expected to be. And what you’re expected to do. Happiness is an accident of self-acceptance. It’s the warm breeze you feel when you open the door to who you are.

A combination photo shows English writer Matt Haig and the front cover of his non-fiction work "The Comfort Book".

TEHRAN – English writer Matt Haig’s non-fiction work “The Comfort Book” has been published in Persian.

This combination photo shows English writer Matt Haig and the front cover of his non-fiction work “The Comfort Book”.