Iran’s Balance of Position Debunked Western Negative Narrative of Viennatalks

Iran entered Vienna talks in good faith, Iran FM tells UN chief

TEHRAN – The Ministry of Health has issued a license to export 20 percent of the domestically produced coronavirus vaccines, IRNA reported on Tuesday.

“Two percent of the country’s need is met in terms of vaccination, the Ministry of Health approved to export 20 percent of domestically produced vaccines, Kamal Heydari, the deputy health minister, said. “We intend to use domestic products in the remaining 80 percent of the needed vaccines,” Heydari added.

Homegrown vaccines

According to the Food and Drug Administration, 14 vaccines are being domestically developed in the country which are in different study phases. Made by researchers at the Headquarters for Executing the Order of the Imam, COVIRAN BAVARI was unveiled on December 29, 2020, and received the license for public use on June 14. It proved effective against Indian strain according to Hojjat Malekiy, head of the information center of Headquarters for Executing the Order of the Imam.

Developed by the Razi Vaccine and Serum Research Institute, Razi Cov Pars is the second and Iranian-made vaccine that started the clinical trial on February 23. Fakhra vaccine, the third domestically developed COVID-19 vaccine, was unveiled and started the clinical trial on March 16.

Made by researchers at the Headquarters for Executing the Order of the Imam, COVIRAN

Iran is one of the few countries that have all vaccine production platforms. Mohammad Reza Shahnaz, former head of the Iranian Food and Drug Administration, said in Monday’s interview:...
Teheran - A member of the National Security and Foreign Policy Committee of the Iranian Parliament has said the new round of the Vienna talks, which started on Monday, would last one or two months, but he noted, that the whole atmosphere of the talks is so tense that no one can predict the results of the discussions.

"The new message of this round of negotiations is that the talks must be fruitful and not as time-consuming as before," Fada-Hosseini Makhlai, MP from Razavi Khorasan said. (IRNA, Monday)

On Monday afternoon, Iran's minister of information and guidance, Ali Larijani, said the new round of the Vienna talks is about to get underway on Monday. Larijani said the previous round of negotiations had lasted longer than usual, and this round is expected to be shorter.

"In the previous round of talks, the discussions lasted for five months, and this round has started just one day ago," Larijani said. "We hope that the talks will be faster this time and we can see results in a shorter period of time."

Referring to the recent visit to the Iranian capital by Joe Biden, Iran's deputy director general of the International Atomic Energy Agency and his admission that Iran is adhering to its nuclear obligations, and emphasizing that the country is cooperating, the MP from Razavi Khorasan said this is proof that Iran is committed to its obligations.

"Our country has always been committed to the Vienna talks and continues to do so," he said. "We hope that this round of negotiations will also be successful."
Iran has entered Vienna talks in good faith, Iran FM tells UN chief

The Islamic Republic of Iran has entered Vienna talks in good faith, Iran FM said Wednesday. At the start of the meetings, the Islamic Republic of Iran has demonstrated its adherence to its obligations in practice, emphasized Mohammad Bagheri, head of the Iranian Delegation, and Enrique Mora, the UN spokesperson. The opening session of the talks among Iran and anti-Iran sanctions was held on Monday evening in Vienna. While noting that the Islamic Republic of Iran has demonstrated its adherence to its obligations in practice, emphasized Mohammad Bagheri, head of the Iranian Delegation, and Enrique Mora, the UN spokesperson.

The Iran Talks

The talks for lifting sanctions will be discussed in Vienna's upcoming meeting.

Iran's balanced position debunked by Western narrative of Vienna talks

TEHRAN – Despite Western propaganda campaign in the run-up to Monday’s Vienna talks, Iran adopted a carefully crafted position during the talks aimed with hopes for a good, swift agreement.

Diplomats from Iran the P4+1 group of countries–China, Russia, France, and the UK plus Germany– gathered at the Palais Coburg hotel in Vienna amid global fanfare. The resumption of the talks after a break of more than five months.

Ali Bagheri, the deputy foreign minister of Iran, and Enrique Mora, EU’s lead negotiator, held a freely-chosen Monday’s plenary session.

Western media outlets purposefully depicted the talks as a meeting in the shadows, while the negotiations circumvent the maelstrom of the West’s sanctions.

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The optimistic scenario is what the two sides are working on while the West is unwilling to make any substantive changes to its policies.

The West is reporting the optimistic scenario, while the Iranian side is prepared for a realistic outlook.

The West has stated that the talks will be focused on the restoration of the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA). The JCPOA saw the end of Iran-US tensions, and it has been a cornerstone of nuclear diplomacy in the past years.

The optimistic scenario is that the talks will produce results, and the two sides will reach an agreement.

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Nearly 4m tons of minerals extracted from Chaharmahal-Bakhtiari mines in H1

TEHRAN – As announced by a provincial official, 3,834 million tons of minerals extracted from the mines of Chaharmahal-Bakhtiari province during the first half of the current Iranian calendar year (March 21-September 22).

Sajad Rostami, the head of the province’s Industry, Mining and Trade Department, said the province shows 26 percent growth from 3,080 tons of extracted minerals in the same period of the past year.

The number of mines, which have operations permit in the province at the moment, the official said that it is 12 percent less than the number in the past year (775 mines).

He also said that there are now 121 active mines in the province, which shows 22 percent rise as compared to the previous year.

The director of the Iranian Industry, Mining, and Trade Ministry’s plan for reviving and developing small mines has said over 750 small mines have been revived in the country since the launch of the program in mid March 2019 until September 22, 2021.

“Since the beginning of the program until the end of (the Iranian calendar month of) Shahrivar (September 22, 2021), has also included 37 percent more mines and 70 percent more mines have been revived across the country,” Rostami added.

Over 670 idle mines have been revived in Iran since late March 2019 until late September 2021.

TEHRAN – The second exclusive exhibition of Iranian products was opened in Damascus at the main capital Damascus in a ceremony on Tuesday, IRNA reported.

The second edition of the exhibition was attended by Iran’s Industry, Mining and Trade Minister Reza Fatemi Amin and Syrian Economy and Foreign Trade Minister Mohammed Sa’id Al-Khalil.

As reported, the exhibition which is held for the first time in Damascus, has opened to the public in a wide range of fields including medical equipment, medicine, construction, architecture, agriculture, livestock and animal husbandry, food, chemicals, police and security equipment, as well as food, water, and electricity.

The steel industry, information, doors and windows, elevators, tour operator equipment and chain stores, motorcycles, automobile industry, textile industry, and other items are also among the areas represented in the mentioned exhibition.

Tehran Times – Speaking on the sidelines of the opening ceremony, Fatemi Amin expressed Iran’s interest in cooperation and reactivating the country’s economic and industrial potentials and restoring the economy.

He further announced the Is­lamic Republic’s readiness for a joint investment in Syria to meet the domestic market needs and export goods to other countries in the region.

The First exposition of Iran products in Syria after the defeat of the US-backed ISIS terrorist group was held from December 25 to 28, 2018.

Over the past few years with the emergence of new realistic energy strategies coming into play, the mining sector has become a major point of focus for the Iranian government and various organizations and bodies involved in this sector have been tasked with implementing new programs for boosting this sector.

As a major state-owned holding company active in the mining sector, IMIDRO has been playing a significant part in the mentioned planning, the organization has been implementing several new programs in all the main fields of the mining industry including exploration, modernization, development, extraction and also reviving the country's idle mines.

In the long-term, he said, “Throughout the past two years, the government has taken major steps for export of products and materials from the stock market, saying the government’s pre-ordered and unrealistic pricing of some products, and the government’s non-support of the capitalist market’s current downward trend.

The government has been claiming that the rising trend of Iranian mines and mining industries has been aimed at interfering in stock exchange transactions or the free market, but all these efforts for reducing the bubble created in the market and to prevent further decline of the Keypard index have been failed.

Despite the skepticism, after the support measures taken by the government, the mining market has been gradually getting back on track and experts believe that the market is regaining people’s trust.

Over the past 15 months, continuous fluctuations in the financial sector have not only affected all mining industries, but also shareholders, experts, and scholars to believe that the government should not interfere in the free market and its pre-ordered and unrealistic pricing of some products is the main reason for the capital market’s current downward trend.

TEHRAN – A deal that Iran signed with Azerbaijan to swap Turkmenistan’s gas to the Islamic Republic of Iran has been believed to make the Islamic Republic of Iran’s energy hub in the long run, Saba news agency reported.

Under the framework of the mentioned deal which was signed by the oil ministers of Iran and Azerbaijan on Tuesday evening after the end of bilateral meeting between Iranian Oil Minister Ebrahim Raisi and Azeri President Ilham Aliyev, 1.5 to 2 billion cubic meters of gas a year was agreed to be transferred from Turkmenistan to the Republic of Azerbaijan via Islamic Republic of Iran.

Experts believe that the implementation of this agreement by the two countries in the region to ink similar deals and to use the Islamic Republic of Iran’s position in this regard.

Having the largest-highest pressure gas pipeline network after Russia, Iran can play a key role in transportation of gas from Turkmenistan and Azerbaijan’s gas to the Islamic Republic of Iran.

Gas swap deal with Azerbaijan expected to turn Iran into region’s energy hub
Iraqi opposition any form of normalization with West Asia without Iran is futile: Professor

A prominent Iraqi Shia cleric has said the Iraqi opposition opposes any form of normalization of relations with Israel as well as attempts to depend on external powers in solving domestic problems.

The International Day of Solidarity with the Palestinian people is observed on November 29. People draw attention to the human rights violations and the illegal occupation of Palestinian lands, history, and future, which can only be established through the support of Arabs, Muslims, and the international community, as stated by Palestinian commentator Khaled al-Khatib. He described the resistance and an active opposition against the Israeli regime.

On this occasion, we reaffirm our opposition to any form of normalization with Israel as well as the occupying Israeli regime and demand the rights of the Palestinian people to return to their state and a return to their homes and lands, as well as the recognition of their national identity, lands, freedom, and dignity.

Earlier this month, the Iraqi Foreign Ministry reiterated its rejection of any form of normalization with Tel Aviv during the 15th Manama Dialogue forum and other international meetings. The foreign minister stressed that the Iraqi government and its foreign policy leaders such as Dr. Abdullatif bin Hicham Al-Zubairi, the Egyptian foreign minister, Sameh Shoukry, the Malaysian Defense Secretary/Hishamuddin Hussein, the U.S., Indonesian and other friends have spoken at the forum. The speakers included Dr. Abdulbasset al-Meari, chairman of the Bahraini National Dialogue, and Salaheddine Mezouar, the Foreign Minister of Mali, who also addressed the forum.

History tells us that the U.S. is a failed state when it comes to long-term military commitments overseas and a state that cannot be trusted.

Statistics do not lie. Clearly, looking at the above statistics, Iran is a key state in the Middle East (West Asia) and by excluding Iran from the Manama Dialogue, any discussion on comprehensive security in the region is a mockery of the concept and intent to create and establish anything to do comprehensive security in the Middle East (West Asia). This type of comprehensive security is an illusion.

In short, by excluding Iran, there was nothing to discuss about security discussion at the Manama Dialogue because it was clear to Iran and the rest of the world that policies and emotions continue to drive the security discussion in the Middle East (West Asia).

What does history tell us about the failed Middle East (West Asia)? As a dirty capitalist, it gorgs so much with so little effort. The U.S. will not challenge the Middle East region because this region becomes costly for the U.S. in terms of its resources, economics, and military conscience.

Once more Afghanistan, Iraq, Syria, Somalilands, Sudans and Libyas emerge, not to mention Vietnam, then will only the U.S. quit the Middle East (West Asia). So, if you want the U.S. to quit the Middle East (West Asia), raise large financial costs and the U.S. will afford it whatever it has, which the country cannot do. Whatever it has, the U.S. cannot take up that long period. The Middle East (West Asia) is very powerful.

As long as the Middle East (West Asia) exists, the anachronistic Israeli-Palestinian conflict will continue. On a very long-term basis, the Middle East (West Asia) is an anachronistic reality, and the West is an anachronistic phenomenon.

From page 1 | The gun related violence was not just limited to Chicago of course. Similar incidents have been happening across the country. Officers responded to an “active shooter situation” after a gunman opened fire on a bus leaving a shopping center killing 5 and injuring 4.

In fact, according to the Gun Violence Archive, so far this year only in September 1st a total of 14,576 people have been killed from gun violence in the U.S. The number is a record for gun-related violence.

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TEHRAN – The tourism industry can play a key role in creating employment, attracting tourists, and developing the economy while only 530,000 have been estimated that over two million people work in this industry while only a fraction of the workforce is skilled in tourism.

Iran is home to wide-ranging handicrafts including embroidery, metalwork, woodwork, wickerwork, miniature, and jewelry. Ali Darabi announced on his Instagram page yesterday.

Though the country is the third-largest producer of handicrafts in the world, it ranks the forty-fifth exporter of handicrafts, the official added.

One of the key grievances of the Iranian government is the lack of investment in the tourism sector and the need to expand their share of the world’s tourism market. Among the criticisms of artisans and craftsmen are the lack of protection to their work, the poor state of their institutes, the very low budgets and credit lines, and some inefficient government management methods, he explained.

Moreover, there is a lack of comprehensive statistics in the handicrafts sector, as it is estimated that over two million people work in this industry while only 530,000 have work permits, he noted.

He also noted that as part of the tourism ministry’s future policies and programs, the handicrafts sector is set for a major change.

Wide-ranging handicrafts

With 14 entries, Iran ranks first globally for the number of cities and villages registered by the World Crafts Council, as China with seven entries, Chile with four, and India with three entries come next.

In 2019, in the City of Shiraz, Malayer, and Zanjan and the village of Qesemabad were designated by the Asia Pacific Region, putting Iran’s number of world crafts cities and villages from ten to 14.

The value of Iran’s handicrafts exports reached at $310 million during the first eleven months of the past Iranian calendar year (March 20, 2020 – February 19, 2021), Mehr reported. The country’s handicrafts exports slumped during the mentioned period, falling from 114,500 to 20,000 items, a year last a year earlier due to the damage the coronavirus pandemic has inflicted on global trade.

The Islamic Republic exported $427 million worth of handicrafts during the first eleven months of the calendar year 1398. Of the some $190 million was earned via the exports of suzani trade (allowed for customs-free and tax-free transfer) through 20 provinces, according to data compiled by the Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Tourism and Handicrafts.

Ceramics, pottery vessels, handwoven clothes as well as personal ornaments with precious and semi-precious gemstones are also being exported to Iran, Afghanistan, Germany, the U.S., and other countries.

One of the key grievances of Iranian tourism, Sialk’s director Ghirshman, renowned French archaeologist and Iranian fellows announced that Iran and Turkmenistan have decided to pass Kashan on their journeys between Tehran, Isfahan, Kerman, and Yazd, because this delightful oasis city on the edge of the Dasht-e Kavir, one of Iran’s most alluring destinations, is not just a horse-riding center but also a museum of archeological wonders, an atmospheric-cov -ored bazaar, and a UNESCO-recognized garden, but it also offers some of central Iran’s best traditional hotels.

Because it is not possible to enter and exit museum objects at the moment (due to COVID restrictions), this exhibition may be held virtually, he explained.

The event named after the Turkmen is a horse, which is noted for its endurance, bravery, smartness, and valor. Many Iran’s below that breeding such horses is one of the toughest jobs in the world.

Such animals are domestically found in the pastures of Turkmen Sahra, a region only six hours away from Ashgabat, the capital city of Turkmenistan, which is a horse-riding center.

Thanks to the province’s good capacities, the development of tourism in various sectors, such as agritourism and sports tourism, can make it a destination for both domestic and foreign tourists, he mentioned.

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%97 of Iran affected by long-term drought: expert

Based on the data collected over the past decade approximately 97 percent of the country is affected by long-term drought, director of the national drought warning and monitoring center, Sadegh Ziaei, has said.

Some 92 percent of the country is hit by extremely severe drought, 5.6 percent is affected by severe drought while 2.4 percent is facing moderate drought and 5.9 percent of the country is witnessing mild drought. ISNA news agency quoted Ziaei as saying on Wednesday.

He went on to say that extremely severe long-term drought has had negative effects on 96.2 percent of the country’s total population, severe long-term drought has hit 47 percent of the country’s population, while moderate long-term drought and 5.1 percent of the population is struck with mild drought.

Some 55 biography books have been compiled, 46 of which published and unveiled so far to honor school-building benefactors, according to the Organization for Development, Renovation, and Equipping Schools.

IRAQ has many school-building benefactors amounting to 650,000 people inside and outside the country.

About 10 percent of charitable schools are built with the participation of charitable organizations, which is a valuable asset, which should be promoted.

The sixth wave of the pandemic has not hit the country yet and it has attracted global attention.

It will take time to learn more about Omicron to determine the biological behavior and response to vaccine and immunity of this strain, there is still need to confirm the observation of this strain in the country and basic preventive measures should be taken to monitor borderers and airports, he explained.

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Test natural text