Gabriel Boric, who was a leader of mass pro-
1990. We also have a new, young president,
provisions that were left in place after the
telved by mass protests against inequality
lead a country that has been rocked in recent
ut off the constitutional
derive since then, including a raft of force the pendulum has swung back to the
left in Latin America, especially when it
ty be narrowed.
the state of democracy. Last year we had the
student protest leader defeated his far-right
ly unequal levels of socio-economic inequali-
tries in Latin America.
how breathing a fresh air into leftist move-
tation in Latin America, especially when it
eral free market economy.

Oil, gas, condensate output expected to rise 144,000 bpd in next Iranian year

TEHRAN – Considering the new resource allocations for the development of the oil industry in the budget bill for the next Iranian calendar year (starts on March 21), the country’s crude-oil and gas condensate production is expected to increase by 144,000 barrels per day (bpd) in the next fiscal year.

According to Tasnim News Agency, in the budget bill for the next year, special attention has been paid to improving oil and gas production and development of energy infrastructure across the country in order to boost the oil output to 3.962 million bpd.

The country’s oil transmission network is also expected to expand fourfold to 10,708 kilometers next year, the report said.

Iran has been gradually boosting crude oil production to get ready for a strong come-
back into the global market as the talks with world powers over the nuclear deal show signs of progress.

According to a Bloomberg report, National Iranian Oil Company (NIOC) has stated that Iran has been gradually boosting crude oil production to get ready for a strong come-
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back into the global market as the talks with world powers over the nuclear deal show signs of progress.

Oil Iran beach volleyball league kicks off

TEHRAN – The second edition of the Iran’s Beach Volleyball League started on Sunday in Bandar Abbas in Hormozgan Province.

The competition has brought 11 teams across the country together. The final week of the competition will be held in Ramsar, Mazandaran Province in May.

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Iranian FM holds talks with senior Qatari officials

TEHRAN—Iranian Foreign Minister Hossein Amir Abdollahian held talks with Qatari counterparts on Tuesday morning.

Amir Abdollahian further outlined Tehran’s readiness to develop regional cooperation in various areas, including fossil fuels and trade.

He also pointed to Iran’s views towards Qatar as a model of bilateral economic relations.

The top diplomat then spoke about bilateral talks over the illegal sanctions against Qatar and the related issues.

He emphasized the importance of dialogue between Iran and Qatar to resolve the disputes.

Amir Abdollahian also stressed the need for fostering regional cooperation.

He said that the talks with Qatar are aimed at strengthening ties and enhancing mutual interests.

He added that the talks highlighted the need for fostering trade and economic relations between the two countries.

The vice president was received by Ortega upon arrival in Managua. He noted.

I know that it’s not easy for everybody, he said.

“This is absolutely unrealistic,” the Russian diplomat noted.

Russia’s Ulyanov: Extraterritorial sanctions are illegitimate, counter-productive

“We want the JCPOA to be restored, fully, 100%”

Russia’s Ulyanov: Extraterritorial sanctions are illegitimate, counter-productive

In our national capacity, Russian national capacity, I can tell you that we fully on the side of Iran. We don’t recognize any extraterritorial sanctions. We believe that they are absolutely illegitimate and extremely counter-productive. But the reality is that we need to find a solution acceptable for everybody, he asserted.

He added that a main body of anti-Iran sanctions in many areas including trade and business will be lifted.

I can tell you for sure that as a result of the Vienna talks, the main body of anti-Iran sanctions will be lifted, including in the most important areas, such as oil, trade, and many other areas, he concluded.

Amir Abdollahian also stressed Tehran’s support for the legitimate defense of the Palestinian people and their resistance against the illegal occupation of the Zionist regime.

For his part, Haniyeh praised the support of Iran for the struggle of the Palestinian people in the fight against the Zionist regime, and called for mobilization of Islamic, Arab and international communities to take a firm stance against the rebellion of this regime.

On Monday night, Iran’s foreign minister left Oman for Teheran. Amir Abdollahian held two rounds of talks with Oman’s foreign minister, and met with the chief negotiator of Yemen’s government Mohammad Abdul Salam in Oman.

He also attended a cordial meeting with Iranian expatriates in Muscat.

Ambassador: Amir Abdollahian’s visit to China is of utmost importance

TEHRAN — Mohsen Rezaei, the Iranian vice president for economic affairs, said on Tuesday that Foreign Minister Amir Abdollahian’s upcoming trip to China is of utmost importance in the current situation.

Amir Abdollahian outlined Iran’s views and emphasized the importance of dialogue between Iran and Qatar.

He also pointed to Iran’s economic interests and the need for fostering bilateral cooperation.

Amir Abdollahian also expressed confidence in the success of the talks with Qatar.

He added that the talks highlighted the need for fostering trade and economic relations between the two countries.

The vice president was received by Ortega upon arrival in Managua.

Haniyeh, the head of the Hamas political bureau and the Islamic Resistance Movement, met with Amir Abdollahian in Doha.

During the meeting, the two sides discussed various issues, including the Palestinian issue, which has created a problem in the heart of the Islamic Ummah by the aggression and crimes of the Zionist regime.

Pointing to the crimes of the Zionist occupiers against the inhabitants of Jerusalem, their brutal acts against Gaza and other Palestinian territories, and the occupied West Bank, he condemned the aggression policies of the Israeli regime against the Palestinian people and disrespect to sacred sites.

Amir Abdollahian also stressed Tehran’s support for the resistance and resistance against the illegal occupation of the Zionist regime.

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Amir Abdollahian also stressed the importance of dialogue between Iran and Qatar.

He added that the talks highlighted the need for fostering trade and economic relations between the two countries.
TEHRAN – Saeed Khattabzadeh, spokesman for Iran’s Foreign Ministry, has reacted to a statement issued by former US Attorney General William Barr that Iran is an #1 enemy of the United States and accused it of “demonizing the country.”

Khattabzadeh further noted, “The Islamic Republic of Iran has and will continue to pursue its domestic and international policies based on justice, peace, and security. Our country is committed to the principles of non-aggression, non-intervention, and non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries. We are determined to defend our rights and interests, and will not be deterred by any pressure, sanctions, or threats.”

The statement added, “The Islamic Republic of Iran reiterates that the terrorism of the United States and its allies is a direct threat to international peace and security. Iran calls on all countries to work together to combat terrorism and ensure international peace and security.”

Iran responds to US National Security advisor threat

TEHRAN – Iran has expressed hope that a meeting between the US National Security Advisor and his Iranian counterpart will help to stabilize tensions between the two countries.

Iranian Foreign Ministry spokesman Saeed Khatibzadeh said the meeting between the US National Security Advisor and Iranian Foreign Minister Mohammad Javad Zarif has taken place in a positive atmosphere and that the two sides will continue to communicate to promote mutual understanding and cooperation.

Khatibzadeh noted that the meeting will contribute to the promotion of good neighborliness and mutual respect, and that the two sides will continue to work towards resolving outstanding issues and issues of common concern.

Chinese and Iran Para athletes awarded at World Games

TEHRAN – Chinese Ambassador to Iran Ching Hua met with Iran’s National Paralympic Committee President Mohamad Khosravi Vafa on Tuesday.

The meeting took place at Iran’s NPC headquarters in Tehran.

“We appreciate the friendship and cooperation between China and Iran,” said the Chinese ambassador.

Khosravi Vafa added, “We are looking forward to working together with China to promote the development of Paralympic sports in Iran and to achieve our common goals.”

Safi first Iranian tennis player to be ranked within top 100

TEHRAN – Tennis player Moshtagh Zadeh has achieved a significant milestone by reaching the top 100 rankings in the World Tennis rankings.

Zadeh, who hails from the historic city of Isfahan, has been a consistent performer on the international circuit and his recent achievement is a testament to his hard work, dedication, and skills.

Safheitali, who is a former singles World Champion and a long-time member of the Iranian tennis team, expressed his congratulations to Zadeh and wished him continued success in his future endeavors.

The victory is a significant moment for Iranian tennis and a source of pride for the national team.

Kamalvand steps down as Naft Masjed Soleyman coach

TEHRAN – Farzad Kamalvand parted ways with Naft Masjed Soleyman football club.

Kamalvand was named Naft Masjed Soleyman coach in late September but failed to guide his team to a win in its opening six matches. Naft Masjed Soleyman sits 15th in the IPL 16-team league.
From page 1: 

"Based on our plans, we need 590 new units for the iron ore sector, while $70 billion is also needed to boost the country’s mineral sector. This was little less than the capacity of the oil industry to enable us to have energy security," he stressed. 

Elsewhere in his remarks, the NIOC head mentioned the country’s current crude oil and gas condensate exports. “Export revenues of crude oil and gas condensate have increased, while we are using the capacity of crude oil exports to maximize our production," he added. 

According to him, NIOC is looking for new and safe markets for exports to continue selling oil. 

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TEHRAN - The sixth edition of Iran's International Exhibition of Poultry, Livestock, Aquaculture, Feedstaff and related Industries (Iran Feed Expo) kicked off in Tehran on Tuesday. 

As IRIB reported, more than 300 renowned Iranian and foreign companies from various countries including Russia, China, Germany, Italy and Spain are showcasing their latest products and services in this three-day exhibition. 

Iran Feed Expo is one of the major events in the feedstuff industry in the region. 

The motto of this year's exhibition is “Safe Feed, Safe Food”. 

TEHRAN - Iran National Tax Administration (INTA) is starting to collect taxes on vacant houses as of the next Iranian calendar year ending March 2021. 

According to the official, so far the information related to 1137,000 vacant houses has been communicated with INTA. 

"Based on the official, the mentioned vacant houses are owned by legal entities to INTA within one or two days," Mahmoudzadeh said. 

Mahmoudzadeh had previously said that in order to be used to improve and strengthen the economy but also has a positive effect on the country’s macro-economy but also has a positive effect on the country’s macro-economic picture, the introduction of tax on rival markets will be less reliant on the stock market, while the stock market will be more reliant on the economy. 

The first market’s index rose 38,000 points (2.7 percent) in the last month of the previous year, while TEDPIX rose 38,000 points (2.7 percent) to 1,392 million in the past Iranian calendar week ended on Friday. 

During the past week, the indices of Mobarak Steel Company, Bandar Abbas Oil Refining Company, Sazandeh Company, Social Security Bank, National Iranian Copper Company, and Barekat Pharmaceutical Group were the most widely followed ones. 

The government has applied several new changes in the national economy for the sake of the stock market (beginning on March 27, 2022) in the new strategy according to experts and analysts will ensure the stock market’s stability and growth in the coming years. 

Reducing taxes on production units active in the stock market, strengthening the Capital Market Development and Stabilization Fund, eliminating subsidised foreign currency allocations, and stabilizing the ownership interest of the mines are some of the measures considered in the budget bill to support the capital market. 

Allocating a 20 percent tax on legal entities is considered in next year’s budget bill which is less than the previous years. Reducing the taxes imposed on production units will make the stock market dynamic. 

Also, the direct taxes collected from production units is expected to be invested into the Capital Market Development and Stabilization Fund in order to be used to improve and strengthen the economy. 

As reported, over 507 billion securities worth 23,788 trillion (about $727 trillion) were traded at the TSE. 

The first market’s index rose 2.94 percent, while the second market’s index dropped 823 points. TEDPIX rose 38,000 points (2.7 percent) to 1,392 million in the past Iranian calendar week ended on Friday. 

As reported, last year, major mining companies also produced over 1398 million tons of iron ore, to register a decrease around 13 percent compared to the preceding year (1966.733 tons). In its outlook plan for the coming years, (2025-2026) Iran has envisaged production of 55 million tons of iron ore. As reported, all of this target this country requires to sell 160 million tons of iron ore. 

In a bid to prevent the exports of iron ore, the government has issued a 25 percent tax on the export of raw minerals (especially iron ore) since September 2019. The duty is aimed at encouraging the production of more iron ore in order to maintain the capacity needed to sell raw mineral.
Sanctioning India under CAATSA

By Dost Muhammad Barrech

Moscow has started supplying New Delhi with S-400 air defense missile systems and Dmitry Shugayev, the head of the Russian military cooperation agency S-400, has announced that the air defense missile systems deal between Russia and India worth around US $550 million was signed in 2018 for five long-range surface-to-air missile systems, that New Delhi believes are crucial to counter China. The move is a great deal of attention of the experts to the new law called Countering America's Act for Fiscal Year 2023 with implications on India and Russian defense cooperation.

The U.S. applied CAATSA on Turkey in the process of buying S-400 systems from Moscow. The U.S. military judge under CAATSA appears to be a herculean task for Washington noted that New Delhi has been found as it considers that the U.S. would not impose sanctions on Russia, North Korea and Iran, which are considered to be in direct or indirect support of them. The three sectors have been aimed at curbing Iran’s nuclear program, reducing Russian growing influence in Eastern Europe, and Eurasia and curbing North Korea weapons of mass destruction.

From page 1: There are many reports that indicate among those who have called for Johnson to step down, the Prime Minister and his wife.

Scotland Yard has announced that the Metropolitan Police is considering the event.

Senior police officers are meeting to discuss the latest developments.

The Metropolitan police says it was “aware of widespread reports regarding an alleged breach of Health Protection Regulations at Downing Street on 20 May 2020”, adding it had made it a matter of “highest priority that the Prime Minister and his family are subject to a thorough investigation”.

The email also follows accusations about staff gathering in the garden on the day the Prime Minister’s wife Carrie Symonds emerged of Johnson and his wife sitting separately after the event, including Reynolds on the terrace eating and drinking.

Prime Minister Johnson has previously insisted that the photograph showed a work meeting.

The police investigation has repeatedly caused Johnson to break the law, which the British public was forced to adhere to or face a financial punishment.

However, the email about the party on May 20 makes it clear that this party was a social gathering, which was against the rules as social mixing was banned during that period, except with one other person from another household in the garden.

Even more ironically, on that day, less than one hour before the propaganda, the Culture Secretary, Oliver Dowden, had delivered a press conference to reassure the rest of the country that only two people were allowed to meet outdoors.

The latest revelations have huge impacts on the future of the PM, who has called for Johnson to step down.

The man opposition Labour party’s leader Sir Keir Starmer has told the PM on social media “Boris Johnson your deflections and distractions are absurd. Not only did you invite Johnson to Number 11, you also invited them. Stop lying to the British public. It’s time to finally come clean.”

Deputy Labour leader Angela Rayner says “It’s terrible and I think that Johnson’s lies cannot even now. Not only will Johnson be cut off, but will see it as absolutely disgraceful that when they were told, they were told, and Johnson and Number 10 were breaking the rules.

Rayner adds “It’s disgraceful and he should be ashamed. At the time of this email, the frontline were working round the clock to keep us all safe, people suffering loneliness and loss in unemployment and poverty.

The Liberal Democrat party leader Ed Davey says “Yet again Johnson has broken the law, this time with another rule for the rest of us. This time a massive garden party at his place while people were stuck at home alone.”

Ian Blackford, the Scottish National Party’s Westminster leader, said the email was “utterly outrageous.”

“Boris Johnson must come clean and admit whether he attended, or was aware of this Covid breaking party in his own back garden.”

He also says “If the prime minister has a shred of integrity or an ounce of shame, he has resolved many months ago that he has no moral authority left, and so he won’t try to sack someone [Reynolds] for a party he [Johnson] attended.”

Australian Prime Minister Scott Morrison has called for an election in the wake of the COVID-19 pandemic.”

Now pendulum has swung back to the left in Latin America: professor

“It’s a leftist government defies U.S. hegemony, it is subject to intervention”

From page 1: Why do Latin American states generally have tendency toward leftists that are at odds with American hegemony? Well, that’s not always true. What’s we’ve seen in the last few years has been a pendulum swing back and forth between the left and right. Now the pendulum is back to the left. The left right remains very strong, and this is an illiberal populist right that resembles the extreme nationalism that emerged in the U.S. during the 1930s.

Over recent decades the U.S. has confronted leftist democracies all around the world while supporting Arab monarchies. Why hasn’t the Bush administration recognize other democracies that differ from liberal democracies?

Clearly the explanation is rooted in both geopolitical and global economic factors. The case of the Arab monarchies, it is not just oil that drives U.S. policy. It is also the financial power that these states have. They have accumulated significant currency reserves that the U.S. has to cater to. The U.S. has also had to cater to the demands of the Arab monarchies because of its relationship with them.

How do you see impact of immigration and minorities (black, Hispanic, Muslims) on U.S. democracy and its future? Do you agree that Trump made any effort to suppress them?

The U.S. has always regarded Latin America as its ‘backyard’. It doesn’t matter whether the government is an autocracy or a democracy.

“The U.S. has always regarded Latin America as its ‘backyard’. It doesn’t matter whether the government is an autocracy or a democracy.”

“I consider the U.S. to be a huge power in Latin America. I believe that Trump made an effort to suppress them.”

Trump has clearly used the immigration issues to appeal to racist sentiments in the U.S. population, but in the election he actually made gains among Latinos and African-Americans. This is a great deal of the reason why Trump has been able to win.

Remember, Trump’s base includes Christian evangelicals, and evangelical churches have made significant gains among both American Latinos and in Latin America itself, including among Latin American Catholics. Many Blacks are frustrated with the failure of American government to adequately address violent crime and lack of economic opportunity. Many see open to the populist right.

Given the Republicans’ resistance against U.S. democracy and failure of Democrats to solve U.S. democracy basics, don’t you predict an emerging third party to get rid of partisan politics and corruption?

I see possibilities of new parties that may challenge the current political spectrum. The most likely one for the next presidential election in 2024 would be a centrist party that will appeal to both Republicans and Democrats. A centrist party would be a great way to appeal to the U.S. population.

Do you think Trump was a groundbreaker in U.S. politics and corruption?

Trump and the populist right. Eventually there would be a centrist party on the left, as well. I think a centrist breakaway is more likely. In any case, I do not think we will see any party, new or old, partisans politics and corruption.
The U.S. needs to return all Achaemenid clay tablets to Iran: envoy

TEHRAN – Majid Takht-Ravanchi, Iran’s ambassador to the United Nations, has said that the United States must return all Achaemenid clay tablets without any exceptions and excuses.

Iranian officials must get their hands on all Achaemenid clay tablets quickly and without any announcement or delay, Takht-Ravanchi quoted Takht-Ravanchi as saying on Tuesday.

About 90 years ago, Achaemenid tablets were loaned to the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago for a three-year period, and have not been officially returned since then, the official added.

Despite the fact that these tablets are part of cultural wealth and belong to the people, the U.S. continually delays releasing them, he noted.

The Iranian request is clear, he said, adding that they want their tablets promptly, safely, and timely returned to their people.

In 2019, hundreds of Achaemenid clay tablets and related fragments, which were on loan from Iran to the Oriental Institute of the University of Chicago since 1933, were returned home.

However, the institute still has some of these tablets.

In February 2019, and following years of ups and downs, the fate of these ancient Persian artifacts remained uncertain.

Archaeologists affiliated with the University of Chicago discovered the tablets in 1933 while archaeologists from the Institute of Iran’s National Heritage and Culture confirmed the tablets’ return to the province.

The city was burnt by Alexander the Great in 330 B.C. Similarly, as revenge to the Persians because it seems the Persian King Xerxes had burnt the Greek City of Athens around 500 years earlier and a Persian king was burnt about 518 B.C by Darius the Great, the Achaemenid Empire’s king. On the same terraces, successive kings erected a series of architecturally stunning palatial buildings, among them the magnificent Apadana, and the Throne Hall (“Hundred-Colomn Hall”).

This 13-aha ensemble of majestic approaches, monumental stairways, throne halls, palaces, and terraces, all of which are dependent and classified is the world’s greatest archaeological sites. Persepolis is the capital city of Achaemenid Empire, though it was designated as the ceremonial center for the receptions and festivals of the kings and their empire.

TEHRAN – Local authorities plan to boost rural tourism in the northeastern region as the provincial tourism chief has announced.

Taking into account the pristine nature of the area, it is great potential to become a tourist hotspot, he said.

Investing in tourist villages can provide a substantial amount of employment to the region.

When it comes to rural tourism Iran, which has many pristine yet diverse natural settings, has no shortage of options as to what to tourism and farm stays can be regarded as a win-win both for farmers and to accommodate tourists who are tracing unique experiences.

Stylegal may see itself as a rural or nomadic family style, a shop that provides stay and assist them with day-to-day life. It also opens up an opportunity to feel rustic routines, their agriculture, traditions, arts, and culture.

Rural tourism, most of the sets the ground for economic development in rural areas by creating additional income and employment opportunities for its local population, in rural areas, for instance by stimulating development of infrastructure, sanitation and electricity networks.

The World Tourism Organization sees rural tourism as a type of activity in which the visitor’s experience is related to a wide range of rural cultural- and nature-based activities, agriculture, rural lifestyle, culture, angling, and sightseeing. Such tourism is of such a unique and specific population density, a landscape dominated by historical sites as well as traditional social structure and lifestyle.

Experts believe though the northeastern provinces particularly in the villages, its tourism industry is getting momentum.

According to Lonely Planet, most foreign tourists pass through North Khorasan as a transit and land route to the Caspian Sea. However, if you have time to explore, it’s worth diverting south from the capital, Bojnord, to the spectacular Bisotun and Parthian stairway, the remarkable citadel of Belqays and the partly preserved stepped village of Rozin some 20km north.

Discover clock museum in northern Tehran

A room named after Isfahan females visitors with its unpromising designs by prominent masters. art, all of which is decorated with Isfahan carpet design, 99% of which is made of copper and 1% of which is made of gold.

The second floor is dedicated to the display of ancient and medieval coins. The most interesting work for displaying his works in this museum is his collages, made by unused pieces of old dolls. The most interesting piece is a circular display with clock repair tools.

Other interesting sights of this floor are the ancient and medieval clocks, the most important of which is the sun clock of Naser al-Din Shah. In this floor, also there are a wide variety of scientific clocks, which is also a astronomical device and the most beautiful art in the ancient world. On the first floor, you can tour the clocks from the seventeenth to the nineteenth centuries. Many clocks such as pendulum, wall, and stand clocks are displayed in an artistic way that shows the importance of the clocks in the past.

The replicas of the various clocks, all of which combine art and craftsmanship, are very interesting in this section. Some of these clocks are gifts from political figures from the United States and some from people’s personal property.

Another interesting piece of art in this section is a bronze clock, covered with a thin layer of gold, made in France, which is also one of the first clocks in the world. However, now it is an astronomical device and the most beautiful art in the ancient world. On the first floor, you can tour the clocks from the seventeenth to the nineteenth centuries. Many clocks such as pendulum, wall, and stand clocks are displayed in an artistic way that shows the importance of the clocks in the past.

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Fifth Iranian innovation center to be launched in Turkey

TEHRAN - Iran will soon inaugurate its fifth innovation center in Turkey aiming to find new markets for domestic products made through high-tech products.

The inauguration will be concurrent with the second meeting of Iran and Turkey on commerce and technology which will be held in the city of Istanbul from February 27-28, DNA reported on Tuesday.

Iran has already established innovation centers in Russia, Syria, China, and Kenya.

In December 2021, Marzieh Maleki, deputy head of the Fund for Knowledge-Based Companies, said Iran will launch production lines of knowledge-based products in seven countries, namely Turkey, Armenia, Afghanistan, Bosnia, and Herzegovina, Syria, Iraq, and Kenya.

The export support package for knowledge-based companies includes empowering, networking, and financial aid that Shaevard said as saying.

Export empowerment includes training and consulting, providing export standards and licenses, and intellectual property protection.

Prime Minister of Science and Technology will provide special support to facilitate export for knowledge-based companies with growing projects outside the country for the next 6 months.

Due to the necessity of Iran's presence in the global technology markets and the high capability of knowledge-based and creative companies, the Vice Presidency for Science and Technology has paved the field to operate in the global market, Mehdi Ghalehnoei, an official from DNA, said in October 2021.

To this end, it has developed programs and policies, and support packages related to the development of export, planning to attract foreign investment, eliciting the participation of iranians abroad, and connecting domestic capabilities to the global market are among the actions taken in this regard.

Exporting technological products of Iranian knowledge-based companies is one of the important and key programs of the Vice Presidency for Science and Technology, and in this regard, three houses of innovation and technology were inaugurated in Kenya, China, and Syria.

And countries like Turkey, Iraq, Afghanistan, and Pakistan are set to host innovation houses in the near future.

Ghalehnoei said in February 2021 that, knowledge-based companies gained about $850 million in revenue from export in the past Iranian calendar year (March 2020-March 2021), and this year it seems to reach up to $1 billion.

"With its 140 million people, Iran is the second-largest export-oriented country in the world," he added.

He also said Iran has already established innovation centers in Russia, China, and Kenya.

Iran has many school-building charities that, knowledge-based companies and foreign tourists have granted $700 million in revenue from export and have been used for school renovation projects over the past 8 years.

The Vice Presidency for Science and Technology has paved the way for research and production of technological products by supporting 7,000 projects over the past 4 years.

There are currently 6,263 knowledge-based companies operating in the country, offering advanced products and services to support the domestic and foreign markets, and some of them have entered international markets, Saeed Maleki, deputy head of the Fund for innovative technology.

The fields of aircraft maintenance, steel, pharmaceuticals, agriculture, and gas are among the sectors that researchers in technology companies are focusing on, leading to import reduction.

"Iranians have injected two doses of a vaccine. Therefore, quarantines are carried out on the virus, and even the children aged 7-11 must be vaccinated," he also said.

Therefore, guarantees are carried out on schools, universities, concerts, stadiums, restaurants, and clubs with more than 10 people, and other restrictions must be enforced inside and outside the country.

The National Headquarters for Coronavirus Control on November 27 banned arrivals from the African countries of Botswana, South Africa, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Lesotho, and Eswatini reacting to the new variant.

There are no direct fights from Iran to South Africa and travelers are not allowed to enter Iran. Iranians who need to travel must also be quarantined at the border to have two negative PCR tests.

Foreign tourists must buy coronavirus insurance from authorized companies when entering the country, and if they suffer from the pandemic in Iran, they must be provided with a place and treatment for 14 days.

Inbound passengers must have coronavirus insurance, which differs from the routine insurance coverage purchased by all tourists before the coronavirus era.

From the beginning of the prevalence of coronavirus in Iran (March 2020), the country has so far experienced five waves of the pandemic. The fifth wave began at the beginning of July.

Over 80% of schools safe, retrofitted

TEHRAN - More than 80 percent of schools across the country have been retrofitted compared to 70 percent six years ago.

There are around one thousand hundred thousand schools nationwide with a total of five hundred thousand classrooms, Mohammadi Ali Ghoucheboghi said, adding that 80 percent of the schools have improved compared to 70 percent six years ago.

The national budget bill for the next [Iranian calendar year] (starting on March 21, 2022) has proposed a 17-percent rise for the renovation of schools.

A total of 28 trillion rials (nearly $102 million) was proposed for school renovation in the budget bill, which is 17 percent higher than that of the current year, Mehrollah Rakhshani, director of the Organization for Development, Renovation, and Equipment of Schools, said in December 2021.

Since the budget bill has been approved, there have been proposed more than 60 trillion rials (nearly $218 million) to school-building donors, he added.

Last year (ended March 2021), school building benefactors allocated a sum of 33 trillion rials ($218 million) to construct educational spaces across the country, DNA reported.

"brick-by-brick" national plan started early last year, aiming to attract public participation for school construction in deprived areas even by buying a brick.

Iran has many school-building benefactors amounting to 650,000 people inside and 1,000 people outside the country.

A total of 36 trillion rials (nearly $130 million) has been allocated to renovate the schools nationwide over the past 8 years.

The Organization for Development, Renovation, and Equipping Schools started operating in 2014, and 500,000 classrooms have been constructed by the organization in deprived areas, DNA reported.

According to Nasser Gholi, the director of the School-Building Donors Association, 440 school-building charities have been registered to renovate schools.

"Between 958 and 963, in a year, this amount has increased to 1,070,000 schools need renovation nationwide.

There are some 107,000 schools nationwide, with 530,000 classes, 160,000 of which are dilapidated, not meeting safety standards, accounting for 30 percent of the schools nationwide."

Rakhshani said in August 2020 that some 30 percent of the schools have been constructed by school-building benefactors and there are 440 school-building charities in Iran.

Iran has many school-building benefactors amounting to 650,000 people inside and 1,000 people outside the country.

About 10 percent of charity foundations are built with the participation of charities abroad.

"This is a valuable asset, which should be promoted."

The Organization for Development, Renovation, and Equipping Schools started operating in 2014, and 500,000 classrooms have been constructed by the organization in deprived areas, DNA reported.

"Carbon dioxide and methane concentrations are continuing to increase year on year and without signs of slowing down," Vincent-Henri Pons, director of the Copernicus Atmosphere Monitoring Service, said in the release. "Only with determined efforts backed up by observational evidence can we make a real difference in our fight against the climate catastrophe."

This special report is of hottest record for hottest year in the world.

The dry, hot weather preceded "intense and prolonged wildfires" in Turkey, Greece, Italy and other countries, the Copernicus researchers said.

Past 7 years have been the hottest on record “by a clear margin”

The past seven years have been the hottest ever recorded globally "by a clear margin," according to findings released Monday by scientists with the European Union’s Copernicus Climate Change Service. Though 2021 was not as warm as other recent years, an analysis warned that global greenhouse gas emissions are continuing to rise.

Last year the researchers said 2020 was "evidently flat" for the warmest year on record — just behind 2016, which took first place. Now 2021 ranks fifth, slightly ahead of 2016 and 2019.

But while 2021 may have been slightly cooler than 2020, that doesn’t mean the effects of climate change are lessening. Carbon dioxide levels reached a global peak for the year, fueled in part by megatons of carbon that were released by wildfires, according to a press release summarizing the findings. Methane concentrations also reached record levels.

"Carbon dioxide and methane concentrations are continuing to increase year on year and without signs of slowing down," Vincent-Henri Pons, director of the Copernicus Atmosphere Monitoring Service, said in the release. "Only with determined efforts backed up by observational evidence can we make a real difference in our fight against the climate catastrophe."

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Abdolhossein Zarrinkar's book on Rumi's life story published in Bosnian

Zarrinkar is a prominent scholar of Iranian literature, history and criticism, and comparative literature, as he is considered as the father of modern Persian literary history.

Zarrinkar's solid research works made him a world-class instructor and a Persian Literature authority. The Bosnian publisher BB Publications has previously published books by other Iranian writers, including Reza Aryanvand and Mozaffar Sadeghi.

Zarrinkar was born in 1937 in Tehran. He has been classified as a ghazal. Here he counts the legends of poetry or apocryphal anecdotes to buttress his imagistic evocation of the subtext. The reader must realize that martyrs are also deeply human beings. They have the same needs as every other individual. Expressing these normal human characteristics heartens the reader and encourages us to try and become as similar to them as possible. It helps us to feel closer to them and imagine an empathetic perspective, which can reach by endeavor and self-improvement. Meanwhile, many of those who still adhere to the nationalist rhetoric believe that martyrdom is an inherent part of the Islamic narrative and they fail to realize that martyrdom is a double-edged sword. Fakhri, who believes in the power of love, is a perfect example for young couples. The book, reader must feel akin to the hero and the heroine. In the process of writing, I have tried and become as similar to them as possible. It helps us to feel closer to them and imagine an empathetic perspective, which can reach by endeavor and self-improvement. Meanwhile, many of those who still adhere to the nationalist rhetoric believe that martyrdom is an inherent part of the Islamic narrative and they fail to realize that martyrdom is a double-edged sword. Fakhri, who believes in the power of love, is a perfect example for young couples.

The Bosnian publisher BB Publications has previously published books by other Iranian writers, including Reza Aryanvand and Mozaffar Sadeghi. Unfortunately, no one knows or cares about the woman in the Purple Skirt. Thanks to the lingering legacy of romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism, and its image of the ideal poet as romanticism.