Bahrain’s Ties With Israel Could Anger Iran

Iran’s January oil output rises 21% from December

TEHRAN - Iran’s crude oil production in January reached 2.303 million barrels per day (bpd), registering a 21 percent increase compared to the figure for December 2021, according to OPEC’s latest monthly report.

Iran produced 2.482 million bpd of crude oil in December 2021, the report said citing secondary sources.

The Islamic Republic’s average crude oil output for the fourth quarter of 2021 stood at 2.400 million bpd indicating a 40,000-bpd increase compared to the figure for the first quarter of the year, the report indicated.

OPEC put the average Iranian crude output for 2021 at 2.405 million bpd, while the average output in 2020 was 1.988 million bpd.

These statistics show that although with the re-imposition of the US sanctions, Iran’s oil production decreased, gradually the country has been able to compensate for part of the output decline. The country’s heavy crude oil price also increased by $30.91 in January, registering a 54 percent rise compared to the previous month, according to the OPEC report.

South Asian, Asian playlist to be held in Qatar

TEHRAN - The fifth-ranked team from South Asia will play the fifth-placed side from Asia for a berth at next year’s World Cup in Qatar. The World Cup draw, held in Zurich, also pitched the fourth-placed team from North, Central America and the Caribbean (CONCACAF) against the Oceania champions.

Both plays-offs were staged on a single leg in June and will be on Qatar football’s governing body.

Pana are fourth in the South American zone standings with two match days remaining in the qualifying campaign. Peru are fourth in the CONCAFA region. New Zealand are fifth in the Oceania zone standings with two match days remaining in the qualifying campaign. Panama are fourth in the CONCACAFA region. New Zealand are fifth in the Oceania zone standings with two match days remaining in the qualifying campaign. Peru are fourth in the CONCACAFA region.

The World Cup will be played from November 21 to December 18 at eight venues in Qatar cities.

Interview

Historian says U.S. beginning to experience its own decline

By Mohammad Mazhari

TEHRAN - Ronald Grigor Suny, a professor emeritus of political science and history at the University of Chicago, says that the U.S. as the richest and most powerful country in the world is beginning to experience its own decline.

“The United States, still the richest and most powerful country in the world, is beginning to experience its own decline, and its leaders are not aware of this,” the professor tells the Tehran Times.

“We fear a rising hegemon, China, and a much weaker U.S., and believe that Iran is unpredictable and a threat to its major Middle Eastern (West Asian) ally, Israel,” Suny adds.

According to the Norwegian Institute of International Affairs, Developments in the last fifteen years have drawn renewed interest in hegemonic stability and power-transition theory.

Iran firms up efforts in support of WHO for health care services to refugees

TEHRAN - In a recent two-day visit to Zanjan University of Medical Sciences (UMS) in the southern and border province of Siran-Baluchestan, World Health Organization (WHO) Representative Seyed Jaffar Hussain met with local health authorities to review the efforts made in scaling up health services in the province and to explore avenues of collaboration in promoting national efforts in the area of health and health promotion in the area.

The visit on February 1–2 mainly aimed to look at the collective progress made over the past years by universities of medical sciences and reference hospitals in the province regarding to health care services, including those concerning Afghan refugees and other foreign engaged personnel in the World Health Organization Regional Office for the Eastern Mediterranean, the official noted.

The visit encompassed a meeting headed by the Iranian parliament’s Health Commision Head, Dr Hossein Shahryar, with Dr. Hussain, where the health priority of Sistan-Baluchestan and discussed ways that WHO can support ongoing or planned efforts in the field. The high-level session was attended by Dr Hashemi Shahri.

Renovated minaret of Imam Ali holy shrine unveiled

On the occasion of the birth anniversary of Imam Ali (AS), the minaret of his holy shrine in the Iraqi city of Najaf, was renovated by Iranian artists and artisans and was unveiled on Monday, February 14. The celebration is being held in Iran as Father’s Day. Falling this year on February 15, in Iran, the day is observed in recognition of the role of fathers in family, raising the children and society as a whole.

Tehran–Caracas flights to be launched amid hopes to boost tourism

TEHRAN - Direct flights between Iran and Venezuela will begin on March 21, concurrent with the Iranian new year, amid hopes to buttress tourism between the two nations.

“The passenger flights from Tehran to Caracas will begin on March 21,” the president of Coreana airlines Ramazan Vazquez told HispanTV on Sunday.

Venezuela’s flagship airline wants to bring Iranian tourists to Venezuela via 12-hour flights.

Despite the long distance between the two, Iranian vacationers are offered visa-free entry to Venezuelan soil to encourage tourism. Iranian nationals do not need a visa to enter Venezuela at present,” the official noted.

Vazquez called Venezuela a ‘strategic destination’ for Iran, saying: “tourism is going to be important, above all else.”

Iran and Venezuela enjoy close relations, which are dominantly focused on economics. Caracas began cargo flights between Tehran and Caracas in 2019 to transport medicine as well as industrial products, according to Vazquez. Iran also sent multiple fuel tankers to Venezuela in recent years. In 2020, an Iranian supermarket opened in Caracas.

Iran and Venezuela enjoy close relations, which are dominantly focused on economics.

Sanctions have put the lives of vulnerable people at risk, UN envoy says

TEHRAN - Iran’s foreign minister, Mohammad Javad Zarif, has called for the lifting of all sanctions as a way to fight the coronavirus pandemic.

Sanctions, he said, have put the lives of vulnerable people at risk, including those who are suffering from the virus.

The UN envoy added that sanctions are a key obstacle to the global fight against the pandemic.

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TEHRAN — Foreign Ministry Vienna talks have reached a sensitive stage. The spokesman of the Iranian Foreign Ministry, Komeil Khatibzadeh, said on Monday that the Vienna talks have reached a sensitive stage, and the media should be prepared for not portraying unrealistic pictures from Vienna.

Responding to a question by the Tehran Times correspondent on the phone call between Iranian Supreme National Security Council Secretary Ali Shamkhani and Iranian top negotiator Ali Bagheri Kani, Khatibzadeh said that the details of the conversation must be explained by Shamkhani himself.

“I also talked to Mr. Bagheri this morning. As I said before, the developments in Vienna have reached a difficult stage. The parties are making serious efforts to reach a compromise, and they are sensitively pursuing all parties. A number of proposals have been made by Iran, and a number of proposals have been made by the other parties, which, of course, is a natural part of the negotiations,” he told a regular news briefing.

The diplomat went on to say that some minor points are still under discussion of the Vienna talks, while some want to say that the talks are at an impasse.

“Negotiations are complex and difficult, and has reached key points. Disputes are at stake and require various key decisions from the other party,” he reiterated.

The spokesman then went on to say that negotiations to reach an agreement are under way on all four areas (verification, guarantees, technical nuclear issues, and sanctions removal), and he said that progress have been made.

“Some issues are interconnected,” he added.

Khatibzadeh went on to say that there are several key issues.

“Number one, the recent developments of our young nuclear scientists are our ‘red line’ and super-complex process of the political efforts. In the matter of lifting sanctions, all issues in violation of the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) must be lifted. Some issues have been removed; for example, 20% enrichment and talks and round trips are taking place between the delegations,” he noted.

The Foreign Ministry spokesman added there is “no impasse” in the Vienna talks.

“Sanctions are being held as before and talks and round trips are taking place between the delegations,” he noted.

Khatibzadeh added that “dialogues become difficult in the days when serious issues need to be discussed, and there are definitely a number of delays and points that the parties must decide on.”

He then went on to say that after the Iranian delegation returned Vienna last week, Iran discussed the draft proposal with the P+4.

The P+4 refers to the four remaining permanent members of the UN Security Council and Germany which are still party to the nuclear agreement.

“Giving and receiving offers is common, and it is natural to make a proposal to be made and received,” he noted.

The diplomat then outlined that Iran has made its political decision many years ago when it decided to remain in the JCPOA.

“We are waiting to receive a response from the other party to the Iranian initiatives,” he concluded.

TEHRAN — Speaking on Monday during a meeting with Irish Foreign Minister Simon Coveney, Iranian President Hassan Rouhani said that the two countries’ cooperation capacities in various fields, including economy, science and technology, industry and agriculture.

Rouhani said that the volume of relations and trade between the two countries can be higher than the current level, adding that there are numerous ways to enhance relations with friendly and independent countries.

Referring to Ireland’s approach toward global political and economic relations, the president said, “We welcome the joint committee from the United States and some European countries under the chairmanship of Mr. Borrell.”

Elsewhere in his remarks, Rouhani said protecting the interests of nations and mutual respect form the cornerstone of his administration’s foreign policy.

He added what Iran is insisting on in the current negotiations with major powers is that the sanctions imposed on the Iranian people, including a lifting of sanctions, must be respected.

For his part, the Irish foreign minister stressed that his country attaches special importance to the development of relations with Iran.

“I believe that we are at a strategic level in our relations with Iran, and we will seek to develop and improve the level of collaboration under the present and the ‘maximum pressure’ campaign against Tehran,” he added.

The chief Irish diplomat also said that other areas will not be considered.

Amir Abdollahian said that during the meeting of the Irish foreign minister with the Iranian president, the Irish ambassador to Tehran presented her credentials.

“We also told the Irish parliamentarians about the situation in the region in recent years, and about the various capacities that exist between the two countries,” Abdollahian said.

He added that the two sides should give priority in areas such as agriculture, food, water resources management, information and communication technology, medical and health, and new technologies and renewable energy.

“Of course, this does not mean that other areas will not be considered,” Amir Abdollahian said.

He also said that the parliamentary relations between the two countries is of great importance. “In recent years, including in recent months, parliamentary diplomacy between the two countries has reached the necessary strength and efforts have been made to expand these relations,” he added.

“Iran, Ireland seek inclusive government in Afghanistan”

The foreign minister also stated that Iran has supported Ireland’s non-permanent membership at the UN Security Council, saying “We consider the role of this country as one of the key pillars of stability in the world, and Ireland should have a role in the UN Security Council.”

“We are aware of the attention of Ireland to the governments in the different countries’咨询 Afghanistan, the foreign minister said.

“Referring to his consultations with the Irish foreign minister with the Iranian president, he said, ‘I hope to see the reopening of the Irish embassy in Tehran soon.’”

Referring to his consultations with the Irish foreign minister, he said that other areas will not be considered.

EU chief diplomat: Reviving nuclear deal ‘in sight’

TEHRAN – The European Union’s top diplomat said on Monday a revived nuclear deal between Iran and the P+4 nations was “in sight” and urged negotiators to compromise.

The Irish Foreign Minister Simon Coveney said that after the July 14, 2015, signing of the Joint Comprehensive Plan of Action (JCPOA) nuclear deal by Iran and the P+4 nations, including Britain, France and Germany, “the JCPOA has been in place for the past five years.”

Coveney said the JCPOA, which includes its “sunset clause,” will expire in March 2023 and warned that a new Iran nuclear agreement would need a decision from the UN Security Council. He added that one of the key issues under discussion in Vienna is the amount of enrichment of Iran’s nuclear fuel.

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Iran officials intensify JCPOA consultations

TEHRAN – Iranian officials have held a series of meetings to consult with other governments about the JCPOA talks in the absence of the United States.

The visits are aimed at finding a way to resume the negotiations, which have been stalled since last year.

Amir Abdollahian, the new foreign minister of Iran, has held a series of meetings with representatives of the countries involved in the JCPOA.

Amir Abdollahian and the EU foreign policy chief discussed the revival of the JCPOA talks and other regional issues.

Amir Abdollahian also met with the Foreign Minister of Austria and discussed the JCPOA.

The meetings were held in the framework of the JCPOA talks and were aimed at finding a way to resume the negotiations.

The meetings also focused on the JCPOA talks and the JCPOA talks.

TEHRAN – Iran and Russia will send five Greco-Roman wrestlers to represent Iran at the upcoming tournament.

The five wrestlers, Amir Abdollahian, Reza Bagheri, Reza Bagheri, Reza Bagheri, and Reza Bagheri, will compete at the World Wrestling Cup in Istanbul, which is scheduled for February 16-22.

Iran and Russia have been friendly neighbors for many years and have a strong tradition in wrestling.

The wrestlers will be supported by the Iranian Wrestling Federation and will be hoping to bring home medals for their country.

Three officials from the States Department visited the country to discuss the JCPOA talks, but the outcome of the meetings is yet to be announced.

TEHRAN – Iran officials will send a team to represent Iran at the upcoming tournament.

Meanwhile, the Iranian Wrestling Federation has announced that the wrestlers will be supported by the government.

The wrestlers will be sent to the tournament to represent Iran in the Greco-Roman wrestling category.

The tournament is scheduled for February 16-22 in Istanbul, Turkey.

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Iran's January oil output rises 21% from December

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In his announcement, the official said that the output of the Islamic Republic in the month of December increased by 21% compared to the same period last year, reaching 3.2 million barrels per day (bpd).

The official added that Iran's January oil output rose 21% compared to December last year, according to the Ministry's statistics.

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Ukraine could drop NATO bid to avoid war, ambassador tells BBC

The persistence of U.S.-centered policy during the 1990s provoked new arguments for the stability of unpopular orders recent attention to the rise of China has made the dynamics of power transitions a central concern for work on grand strategy and interstate security, the institute said.

The main reason the U.S. is the only hegemon in the world is that it is unchallenged by any other power. If we assume that each nation does that, then we can argue that there is a global hegemon in U.S. foreign policy.

A second guide that linked economic dominance or superiority with great power status is that America is a global hegemon and is declining after the emergence of China. Do you agree? Is it more often than not sanctions do not work? Both depends on the issue and the context. We face many internal challenges and political divisions.

In many ways U.S. is declining as a hegemon because the guiding principles of U.S. foreign policy? Is cooperative or militant? Both depends on the issue and the president and the countries involved.

The Emergencies Act was passed in Canada in 1988 and may only be used in an "urgent and critical situation" that "seriously endangers the lives, health or safety of the people". It does not apply to lawful protests and demonstrators and activists say they will not give up the protests. Leader, Tamara Lich, dismissed Trudeau’s decision, telling media outlets "there are no threats to national security, the real hold the line".

The Canadian Civil Liberties Association has also disagreed with the government’s actions and the country’s Emergencies Act have been met, warning that the move "threatens our democracy and our civil liberties".

Many other legal experts have also pointed out that the Convoy protests have nothing to do with the Emergencies Act, as they are "not a public health emergency", and other anti-government protests in recent years have been met with similar responses.

Indeed, Trudeau, by invoking these acts, is taking an enormous gamble on his political support. If the protests gain momentum, the Canadian Premier is facing a difficult choice: to turn to the military, to use force, or to make concessions to the protesters, which could lead to a constitutional crisis and political instability.

What if the protests gain momentum; the Canadian Civil Liberties Association has warned that the move "threatens our democracy and our civil liberties".

"The only emergency is the one that Justin Trudeau is creating. The only response to turning to the military is to divide the country and gain politically".

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"If we assume that each nation does that, then we can argue that there is a global hegemon in U.S. foreign policy. The U.S. has always had a policy of "flexible" over its goal to join NATO to avoid war. The country's ambassador to the NATO, Prystaiko, told the BBC that the country's mission, the deployment of U.S. forces in the country, and gaining political benefits in the region are all valid reasons for a U.S. presence in the region. The U.S. has been subjected to bullish behavior all around the world, especially in areas such as the Middle East and the former Soviet Union, just as if it does not recognize that these are the guiding principles of U.S. foreign policy.

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Tourism makes 3D maps to shed new light on Iran’s ‘Treasure Valley’
A general view of Gars-Darab, a Neolithic settlement in western Iran.

Anthropologist makes 3D maps to shed new light on Iran’s ‘Treasure Valley’

TEHRAN – On Thursday, the Iranian Embassy opened a permanent exhibition of arts and cultural heritage at the Multicultural Museum in Seoul to commemorate the 60th anniversary of Iran-Korea diplomatic relations.

Iranian music and traditional textiles are the highlights of the exhibit, which marks the 43rd anniversary of the Islamic Revolution, the Korea Times reported.

The permanent exhibition titled “Iran: Thousand Years of Cultural Heritage and Handicrafts” has been designed by the Chosun University Museum and features various Iranian handicrafts and cultural heritage products.

The exhibit showcases the rich cultural heritage of Iran, including traditional textiles, music instruments, calligraphy, pottery, and jewelry.

In addition, the ambassador underlined that exhibition would be valuable for Koreans and Iranians and would serve as a bridge for mutual understanding.

The opening ceremony was attended by representatives from the Chosun University Museum, the Multicultural Museum, and the Ministry of Culture and Tourism.

The permanent exhibition will be open to the public until the end of the year and will feature a range of Iranian cultural heritage products, including traditional textiles, music instruments, calligraphy, pottery, and jewelry.

The permanent exhibition aims to promote the cultural heritage of Iran and to foster mutual understanding between the two countries.

TEHRAN – Ansar Salutation, a full professor of anthropology at the University of Malmo, has developed some three-dimensional digital maps to rediscover Iran’s Gars Darab, which means “Treasure Valley”.

His work is based on discoveries made by Canadian archaeologist Philip Smith who excavated Gars Darab between 1967 and 1969. The significant Neolithic archaeological site has yielded some of the earliest evidence of human sedentary, agricultural, and pastoral development.

Drawing on Smith’s archive, Ansar Salutation produced three-dimensional digital maps showing walls of houses, walls, houses, and burial places based on an iron staff Smith excavated, according to an article released by the University of Malmo.

Located in the southern province of Golestan, Gars Darab is believed to have been occupied by humans roughly 10,000 years ago and a period of 300 to 600 years. It is a short period in archaeological terms but it was rich in technological development.

The Iranian official said Tehran is ready to hold joint exhibitions and tourism fairs for travel and tourism.

Iran expects to reap a bonanza from its numerous tourist spots such as bazaars, palaces, historical madrases, mausoleums, churches, towers, and mansions, of which 26 are inscribed on the UNESCO World Heritage list.

The event was attended by the Cultural Heritage, Tourism, and Handicrafts Minister Ezzatollah Zarghami and his deputy for handicrafts, Mahmoud Afshar, and craftspeople from across the country.

CHIN reported on Tuesday.

TEHRAN – CHTN quoted Mohammadreza Falahati, the tourism chief of the Islamic Republic of Iran, as saying on Tuesday.

Falahati said on the opening ceremony of the Permanent Exhibition of Iran’s “Treasure Valley”.

The historical Bazaar of Damghan undergoes tourism ties including sharing traveling knowledge in tourism.

TOURISM

The Bazaar of Damghan undergoes tourism ties including sharing traveling knowledge in tourism, according to Velazquez.

Over the past couple of months, officials of the two countries have discussed ways to expand tourism ties including sharing traveling knowledge, tourism promotion, and joint exhibits and feminization tours for travel and tourism.


Venezuela is keen on deepening cooperation with Venezuela is high on the agenda for the Islamic Republic as he believed Iran’s efforts on focusing both on the cultural and post-war era.

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CHIN reported on Tuesday.
Iran firms up efforts in support of WHO for health care services to refugees

From page 1 | Chancellor of Zab- 
han UMS and his deputy for Pub- 
lic Health Affairs, Dr. Abolfazl Tabatabaee, as well as Dr. Kamran Kord, Chiecoffice of Health Ministry, Dr. Mahdi Afshari, Deputy Chancellor of Zab- 
han UMS, Dr. Mansour Saeedi, in addition, Hajifathali explained that she MS has also declined over the past two years. “When we met her for the first time, she could have walked even with two canes.”

Another member of the transplant team, Dr. Sayed Pankharid, faculty member of Sha- 

ding her case was undoubtedly a rare one, Parkhirdi continued: “In addition to chronic shortness of breath, given to several years of taking immunosuppressive drugs, she was affected with multiple side effects.”

In conclusion, Hajifathali explained that the patient’s quality of life has improved significantly. “After a year since her treatment, the general condition of this 39-year-old woman is favorable. With no recurrence of myasthenia gravis and MS attacks, her quality of life has improved significantly.”

Sanctions have put the lives of vulnerable people at risk: UN envoy

TEHRAN - Zahr Eshghi, deputy perma- 
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nent representative of Iran to the UN, has slammed U.S. sanctions against the Iranian nation, saying the illegal actions have di- direct majority of patients with chronic and rare diseases are the most af- fected,” she stated.

The deteriorating economic situation as a result of illegal sanctions severely affects the exercise of economic and social rights and the well-being of the Iranian people,” the Iranian diplomat said.

“Those who sanction countries should not play with the fire of innocent civilians who are not responsible for such heinous crimes,” the diplomat stressed.

The Islamic Republic of Iran highlights the importance of national development policies and strategies as an appropriate platform for addressing the challenges and re- quirements of Member States,” she said.

“As the representative of a country whose people are subjected to the most brutal form of economic terrorism and illegiti- mate unilateral coercive measures, the United States, I call for the complete and immediate lifting of all unilateral coercive measures including sanctions in order to ensure the full achievement of economic and social rights and enable the tar- geted countries to repair their economies and guarantee the well-being of their people,” Eshghi concluded.

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COVID-19 UPDATES ON FEBRUARY 15

New cases
25,034

New deaths
167

Total cases
6,860,255

Total deaths
134,053

New hospitalized patients
2,768

Patients in critical condition
3,489

Total recovered patients
6,351,542

Diagnostic tests conducted
46,277,497

Doses of vaccine injected
138,197,905

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“Water transfer from sea of Oman entails no considerable environmental risk”

Transferring water from Sea of Oman to central drought-ridden provinces of the country, provided that the environmental require- ments are met, will not poses threats to the environment, Isma- 

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The Situation of Mehdi”, “No Prior Appointment” scoop up National Will Manifestation Awards

Prayer Times

FEBRUARY 2013
GUIDE TO SPIRITUAL AWAKENING

Success is the result of foresight and resolution, foresight depends upon deep thinking and planning and the most important factor of planning is to keep your secrets to yourself. - Imam Ali (AS)

Part 1

The present article examines the sources for Sadi’s biography, including his major works and historical context.

Sadi was the youngest of the two, Sad ibn Abi Bakr. But questions have been raised about its historical sources. The earliest available record is the talkhis al-majma al-fasaq fi majma al-qasas (History of the gatherings of refinements concerning the lexicon of honorifics) by Ibn al-Fowati (d. 1323). But some have argued that he was an elderly when Sad ibn Abi Bakr died in 1226, and his works contain no references to Sadi. Others, like A. Eqbal Ashtiani, have argued for a later date between 1213 and 1218 based on evidentiary value. He argues for a slightly later date for the identity of the Abul-Faraj ibn al-Jowzi, which he places in the year 1213.

In this story, Sadi relates that as a young boy in Baghdad, he ignored the advice of his teacher, Ibn Jowzi, to shun musical entertainments. The identity of this Ibn Jowzi, however, is not clear, since the term of contention and points to the general consensus of Sadi’s oeuvre in Baghdad is clear in the second chapter of the Golestan. In this story, Sadi relates that a young boy in Baghdad, he ignored the advice of his teacher, Ibn Jowzi, to shun musical entertainments. The identity of this Ibn Jowzi, however, is not clear, since the term of contention and points to the general consensus of Sadi’s oeuvre in Baghdad is clear in the second chapter of the Golestan.

When I look, not much remains. / O you remembrances, a good number of these are to all members of the royal house. / I am of the remembrances, and the remembrances of Sadi’s collected works written by his scholars. When I look, not much remains. / O you remembrances, a good number of these are to all members of the royal house. / I am of the remembrances, and the remembrances of Sadi’s collected works written by his scholars.

Director Mohammad Qasemi

Sadi: works and life

The film tells the story of Parvaneh, a young woman who owns a perfume shop in the suburbs of Tehran. Her father, Farhad, a young man who is in touch with Parvaneh on parole from prison to time to time of some of her problems, in love with Parvaneh, meeting her for a visit in prison. The Vice President for Women’s and Family Affairs and Ministry of Cultural Heritage, Tourism and Handicrafts were also among those organizations honoring the film. The Judiciary awarded its prize to “Private Meeting” directed by Omid Shams.

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